

*Regional Cooperation for  
Limited Area Modeling in Central Europe*

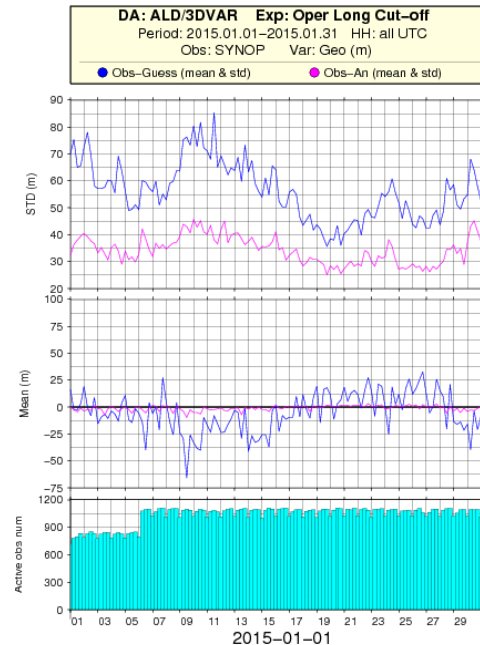
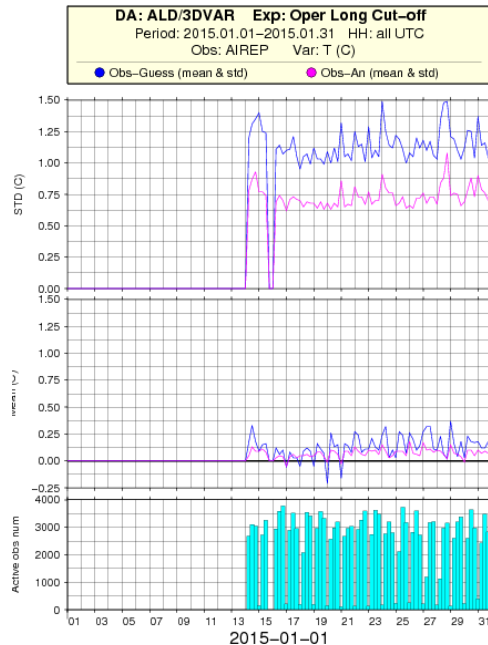


## OPLACE status report 2015

Alena Trojáková

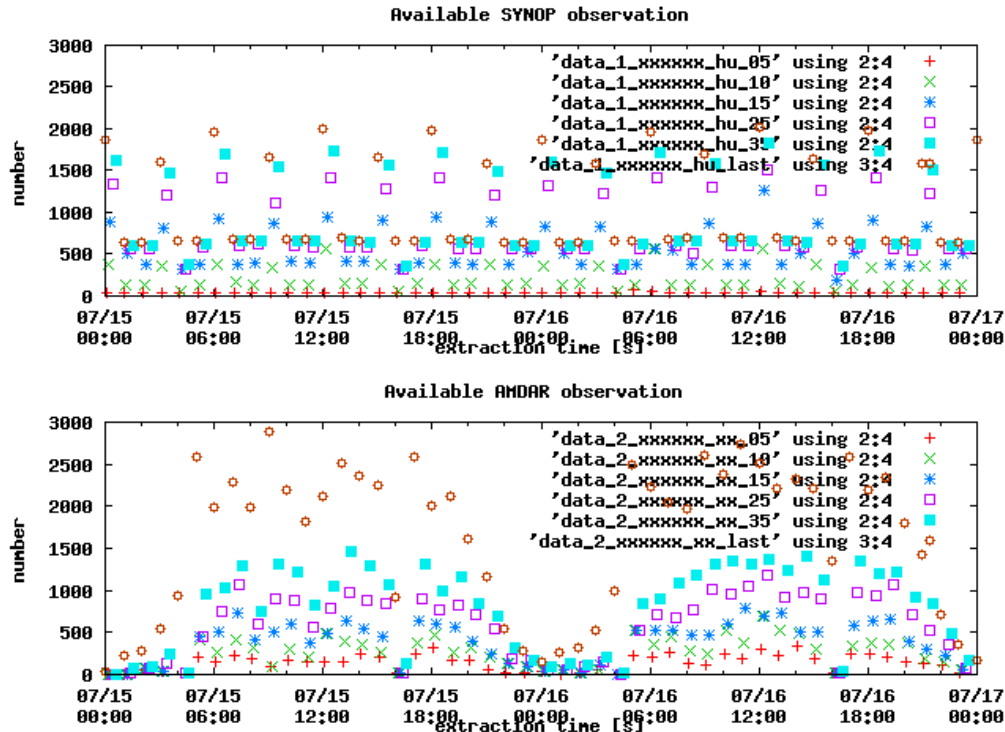


- no new data type added
- bug-fixies for SYNOP, AMDAR and WP implemented



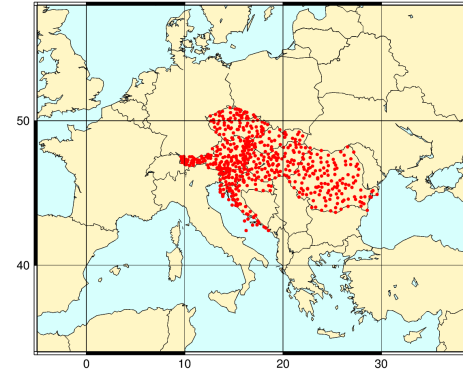
- OPLACE reliability improved and system monitoring enhanced
- user feedbacks are important and appreciated

- improvement of observation availability for 1H RUC and/or nowcasting applications
  - compromise between number of data and short cut-off time
  - only SYNOP and AMDAR were considered

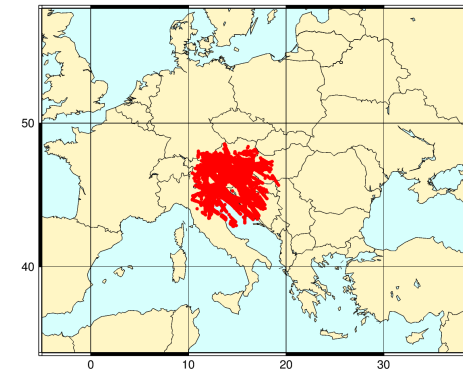


- - update at +10min: small number of data (a few hundreds maximum)
  - update at +15min: about 1000 for main synoptic times and 500 SYNOPs (roughly half of the total data amount) and during daytime about 500 AMDAR (quarter of the total)
  - later updates (at 20,25,30) further increase number of data and depending on user requests we can add one more update before default +35min
- **time schedule enhanced by extra update at "+15min" to improve observation availability for 1H RUC and/or nowcasting applications**
- non-LACE countries showed an interest to access OPLACE
  - there are no data with data policy restrictions on OPLACE
  - technically we are ready to fulfill
  - requests from Turkey (not yet finalized) and from Tunisia;
  - **Council decision and clarification of conditions is awaited**

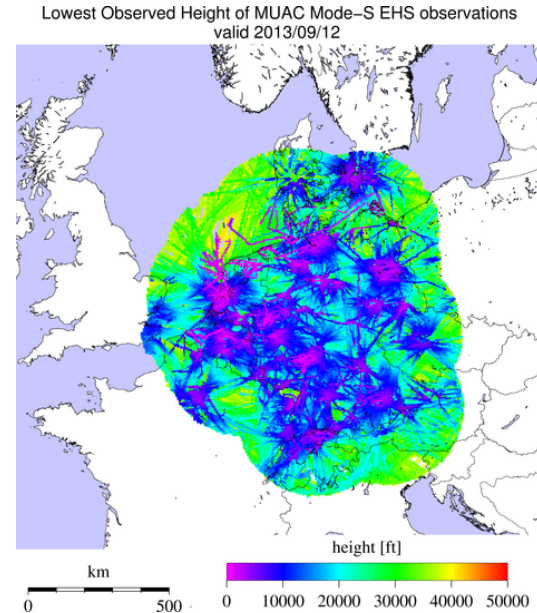
- **SYNOP data**
- only few drop-outs experienced
- minimal update in number of stations
- ready for operational use



- **Mode-S MRAR**
- new data type since April 2015
- aircraft temperature and wind from Slovenia



- All Members are kindly encouraged to explore availability of Mode-S data in their countries.
- non-LACE Mode-S data availability
  - KNMI was contacted regarding access to Mode-S EHS derived meteorological information from <http://mode-s.knmi.nl/data/>
  - Data are available for NMHS after signing a Non Disclosure Agreement



## COPE

- COPE is expected to provide a new frame-work for observation processing and conversion to ODB;
- very limited progress on COPE due to lack of dedicated resources;
- Stage 2 of the COPE was formally closed and next stage COPE 3 is part of ECMWF's Scalability Programme;
- collaboration on COPE is of an interest for RC LACE;
- **only limited resources were identified within RC LACE;**
- no concrete contribution has been realized in 2015;

## HARMONIE

- work on HARMONIE have not advanced in 2015;
- tasks related to HARMONIE Verification package will be finished in next months

- **OPLACE**

- who uses wind profiler data operationally ?
- additional OPLACE update request ?
- any feedback and/or proposal is appreciated
- non-LACE countries showed an interest to access OPLACE.

The request from last year for OPLACE access from Turkey has not been finalized and a new request was received from Tunisia in May 2015. A decision, including clarification of conditions, is awaited from RC LACE Council.

- Members are kindly invited to explore availability of Mode-S data in their countries.

- **TAC2BUFR migration**

- any progress in within RC LACE ?

- **HARMONIE**

- who uses a local installation of HARMONIE ?
- HARMONIE WD on code developments and AROME 4DVAR preliminarily announced by HIRLAM (end 11/2015 or early 12/2015)

- **COPE**

- Members are kindly invited to consider a contribution to COPE



**Thank You for Your attention !**

ALADIN/LACE observation handling is closely linked with Meteo France



- **pre-processing**

- decoding and simple checks
- conversion to the local database (various data formats)
- SAF NWC (SEVIRI, AMV)
- conversion to the suitable input file format for BATOR

- **BATOR**

- conversion to ODB-1 format
- simple QC & filtering
- obs error, eventually other flags, assignment
- blacklisting
- geographical (LAM) selection
- supported input file formats:
  - OBSOUL/ASCII** - conventional data (SYNOP, TEMP, ...)
  - BUFR** - satellite (ATOVS, IASI,...), radar data
  - GRIB** - SEVIRI radiances

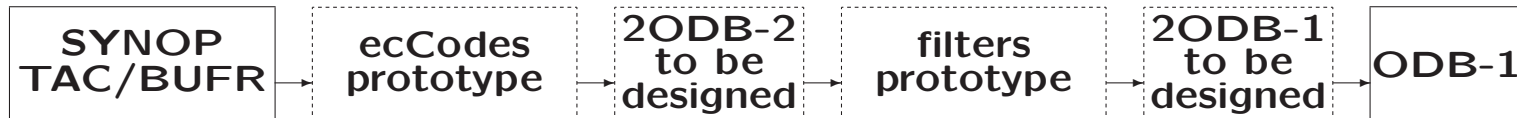
# Observation handling

ALADIN/LACE processing chain:



COPE processing chain main components:

- ecCodes: supporting GRIB, BUFR, and try to include ODB,
- Harmonized ODB libraries and interfaces, ideally following ecCodes concepts,
- Simplified filter interfaces, and
- MARS interfaces.



Main features:

- use ODB rather than BUFR format
- conceptually, observation processing can be seen as a sequential application of various transformations on each report in the observation database;
- the idea is to break the complex processing task into smaller, manageable steps that can be chained one after another