

#### Mode-S data assimilation at CHMI

## B. Strajnar, A. Trojáková















## **Outline**



- Motivation
- Mode-S data
- Data quality assessment
- Conclusion and outlook















#### **Motivation**



- following encouraging results of de Haan (2011), Strajnar (2012, 2015) we explored availability of Mode-S data in Czech Republic
- Mode-S (both EHS and MRAR) are collected by Air Navigation Services of Czech Republic (ANS-CZ)
- Mode-S data were kindly provided to CHMI for evaluation with aim to improve quality of weather forecasts used for air transport
- special national project "SmartMet" was proposed to provide flight crew with actual and precise weather information in a way which brings high added value without significant investments into the avionics equipment or ground infrastructure
- to gain knowledge of Mode-S MRAR data pre-processing the stay of Benedikt Strajnar was organized at CHMI











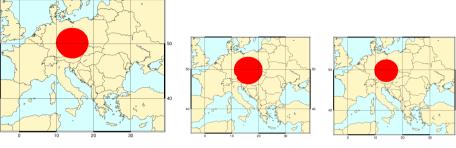




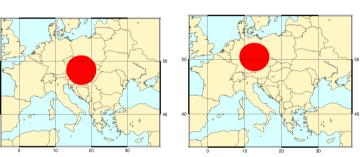
#### Mode-S data



- Mode-S MRAR and EHS
  - Praha (CZ)
  - Pisek (CZ)
  - Buchtuv kopec (CZ)



- Mode-S EHS only
  - Bratislava (SK)
  - Auersberg (DE)



- brief data summary:
  - 3.5 milion Mode-S EHS data per day
  - approx 4% Mode-S MRAR data per day
  - almost 9000 aircraft types (97% identified)







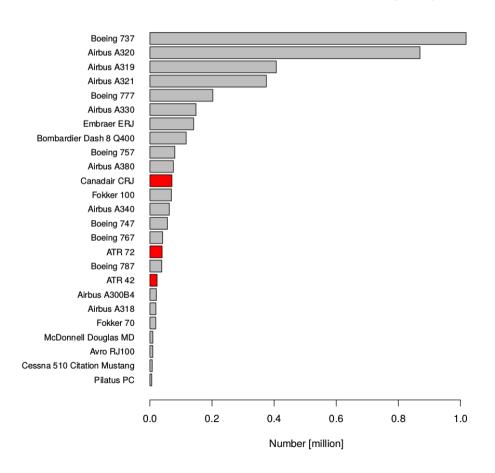








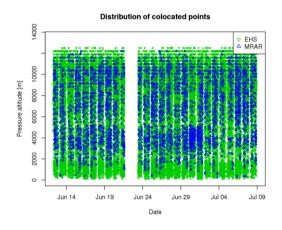
#### Number of Mode-S EHS observations per day

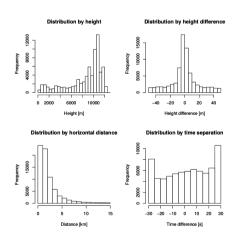


## Mode-s quality assessment



- Colocation of AMDAR and Mode-S
  - validation against other meteorological observations
  - colocated pairs within 30s time mismatch
    50m height difference
    10km horizontal separation
  - 73200 EHS-AMDAR pairs and around 4850 MRAR-AMDAR found in data sample of 12 June 9 July 2015













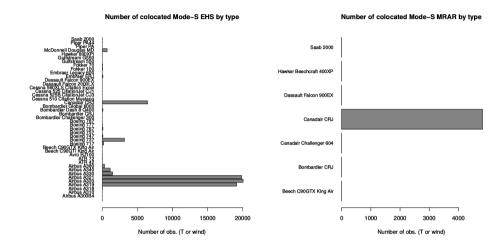


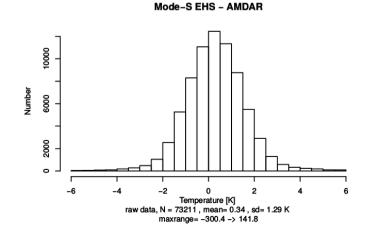


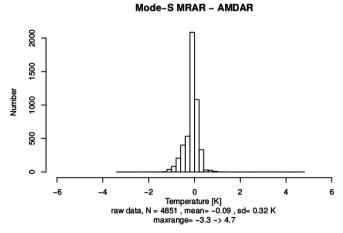


# Mode-S and AMDAR colocation



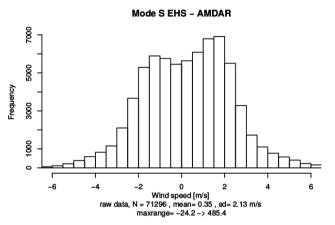


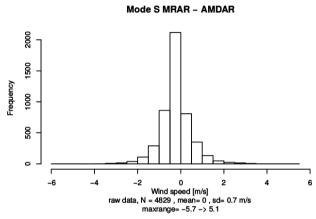


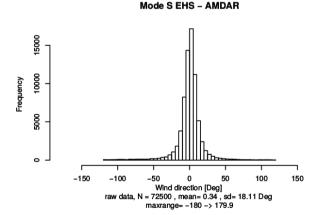


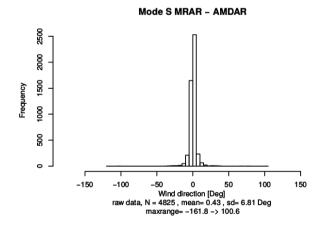
# Mode-S and AMDAR colocation







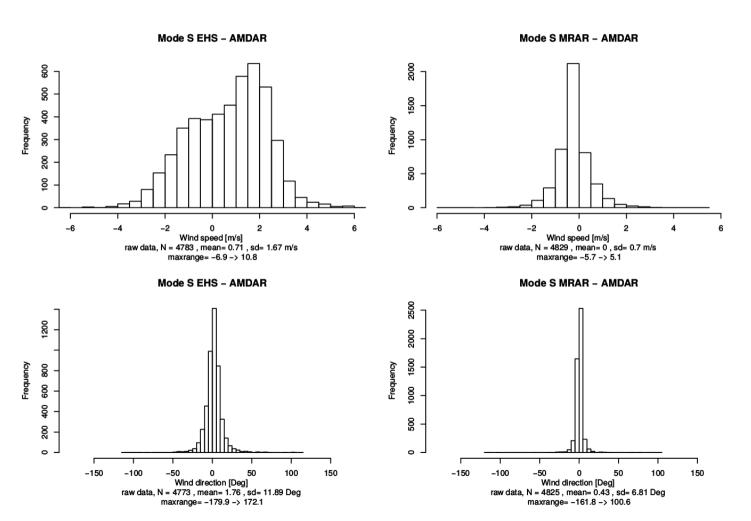




### Mode-S and AMDAR colocation



only subset of both EHS and MRAR data



## Validation against NWP model



- comparison against AMDAR is limited to AMDAR-equipped aircrafts
- for evaluation of all Mode-S data NWP model can be used
  - ALADIN/CE forecasts of lengths 6-11 hours was used
  - screening (e002) configuration used to get model counterparts
  - only analysis for Mode-S MRAR data was performed

var	number of obs	mean	std
temperature	3000	<1K	<2K
wind speed	3000	<1m/s	<5m/s
wind direction	3000	< <b>10</b>	<100

Tab: Thresholds used to generate MRAR white list of aircraft

final white list includes 127 aircrafts for temperatures and 116 for wind

#### Conclusions and outlook



- preliminary evaluation of Mode-S data over Czech airspace was done
- data quality was evaluated with respect to AMDAR and NWP
- Mode-S MRAR observations are of good quality and ready for data assimilation just after the basic data selection based on statistics of differences with respect to ALADIN model
- Mode-S EHS observations needs further improvements
- ... for more details see http://www.rclace.eu/

Benedikt Strajnar, 2015: Analysis and preprocessing of Czech Mode-S observations

impact study of Mode-S MRAR data assimilation is still ongoing

. . .



Thank You for Your attention!