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# The flexible physics-dynamics interface: principles and expectations

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Context

Principles

Implementation

AROME breakdown

Conclusions

The physics-dynamics interface handles the contributions of physics parameterizations to the prognostic variable tendencies:

- momentum
- specific humidities
- temperature

• . . .



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Currently, ALARO and AROME use different interfaces (aplpar/cptend\_new/cputqy and apl\_arome/cputqy\_arome)



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- The physics-dynamics interface handles the contributions of physics parameterizations to the prognostic variable tendencies:
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- Currently, ALARO and AROME use different interfaces (aplpar/cptend\_new/cputqy and apl\_arome/cputqy\_arome)
- One of the convergence actions is to create a joint interface:
  - consistent treatment of different parameterizations
  - (in principle) parameterizations become exchangeable
  - at least a fair comparison is possible
  - more flexibility w.r.t. future developments
  - integration with diagnostics
- Especially relevant in view of the overhaul of aplpar and apl\_arome



### **Principles**

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The interface is based on a set of rules

- barycentric system: motions w.r.t. mass-center
- Iatent heat calculations are done by the interface
- Iocal processes are described by fluxes and/or *local* tendencies
- GFL-based: consistency between switches and GFL attributes!



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This does not mean that we are limited in our developments!





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Generic equations for any number of hydrometeors.



### Implementation

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Organization with derived data types (no global variables, so OpenMP-safe)

- Development of cptend\_flex
- (Temporary) conversion routines aplpar2intflex and apl\_arome2intflex Note that AROME returns
  - total species tendencies (precipitation+phase changes)
  - total temperature tendency (including latent heat effects and heat diffusion)
    So some reverse calculations are required:
  - determine local species tendencies by subtracting precipitation from total
  - determine a diffusive heat flux such that the final temperature update remains the same.





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## This looks crazy!

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Missing terms are calculated such that the final result isn't affected (even if you pass garbage...)

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### **AROME** breakdown

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This changes if we consider the subprocesses of AROME separately!

Adjustment local ⇒ no reverse calculations

- Radiation local
- Surface
- Shallow convection enthalpy diffusion, but no phase transitions
- Turbulence

enthalpy diffusion, but no phase transitions

Microphysics water transport

This becomes interesting, both *technically* (GIGO: garbage in, garbage out) and *scientifically* (final result may change)



### **AROME** breakdown

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Preliminar testing revealed following sources for scientific differences:

- inconsistent choice of which c<sub>p</sub> is used to calculate temperature tendency (radiation, adjustment, microphysics)
- vertical divergence in z-coordinates (precipitation)
- heating/cooling by precipitation is missing
- sum of temperature tendencies  $\neq$  sum of enthalpy fluxes (stability impact)

Anyhow, the use of the common interface ensures consistency!

More detailed testing, in collaboration with AROME staff, is required to check the importance of these differences.



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- It should enter the common code soon
- Invitation to take advantage of its features
- The boring part is over, let science begin!



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- The envisaged interface is sound and flexible
- It should enter the common code soon
- Invitation to take advantage of its features
- The boring part is over, let science begin!

# Thank you !