

Dynamics & Coupling

*2006 fulfilment
and
plan for 2007*

Filip Váňa

filiip.vana@chmi.cz

CHMI

Plan for 2006

Project	Topic	Planned/Fulfilled effort	LACE support
I.	Iterative schemes Further improvement of NH Diabatic forcing VFE BBC	0/0 1.5/0 0/0 3/5 -/0.5	1/1
II.	Studies linked to high resolution Horizontal pressure gradient term HD above slopes RUBC Phys. coupling to dynamics Spline interpolation for SL TL/AD of the plane SL SLHD	0/0 0.5/0.5 0/0 0/0 1.5/1.5 1.5/1.75 5/6 -/1	1/1 1/1
III.	3D diagnostic tool for coupling Spectral coupling	1.5/1.5 0/0	1/1
	<i>Total:</i>	14.5/17.75	4/4

Vertical Finite Element scheme

- VFE scheme successfully implemented into the HY model (Untch and Hortal)

Vertical Finite Element scheme

- VFE scheme successfully implemented into the HY model (Untch and Hortal)
- Is it extensible to the NH dynamics? (Bénard - compatibility and Vivoda - stability)

Vertical Finite Element scheme

- VFE scheme successfully implemented into the HY model (Untch and Hortal)
- Is it extensible to the NH dynamics? (Bénard - compatibility and Vivoda - stability)
- The only non-local operations in the vertical are integrations in HY dynamics (SL version). In NH dynamics also derivatives plays important role (structure equation contains vertical laplacian).

Vertical Finite Element scheme

- VFE scheme successfully implemented into the HY model (Untch and Hortal)
- Is it extensible to the NH dynamics? (Bénard - compatibility and Vivoda - stability)
- The only non-local operations in the vertical are integrations in HY dynamics (SL version). In NH dynamics also derivatives plays important role (structure equation contains vertical laplacian).
- First version of VFE implemented to the code. It is stable, efficient (2-3 % extra CPU) but (for the moment) noisy.

Vertical Finite Element scheme

- VFE scheme successfully implemented into the HY model (Untch and Hortal)
- Is it extensible to the NH dynamics? (Bénard - compatibility and Vivoda - stability)
- The only non-local operations in the vertical are integrations in HY dynamics (SL version). In NH dynamics also derivatives plays important role (structure equation contains vertical laplacian).
- First version of VFE implemented to the code. It is stable, efficient (2-3 % extra CPU) but (for the moment) noisy.
- Plan to implement VFE without major revision of the NH core.

Vertical Finite Element scheme

NLNH02 test

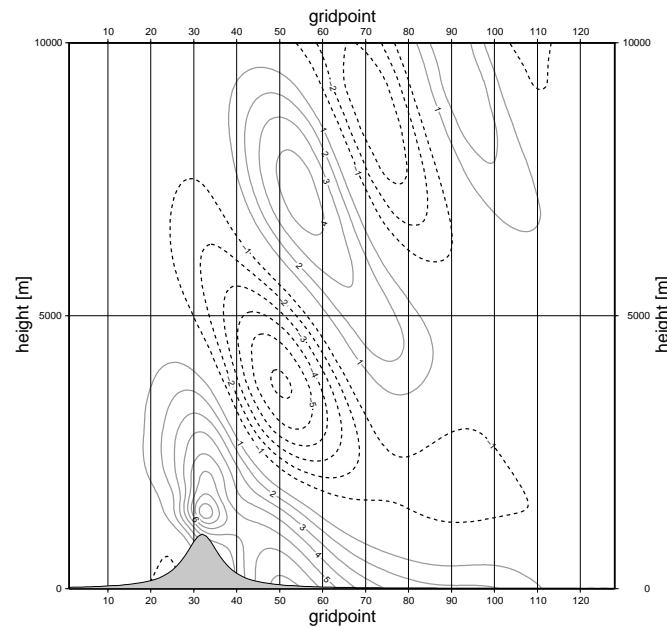
perturbation of V-wind [m/s], NSTEP = +0500

```
TSTEP test: 5 2TL ICI NESC scheme NSITER=1  
LVERTFE      =FALSE  
LVFE_LAPL_FD =FALSE  
LVFE_UVH_FD  =FALSE  
LVFE_GW_FD   =FALSE  
NVSCH        =3  
NVDER        =3
```

NLNH02 test

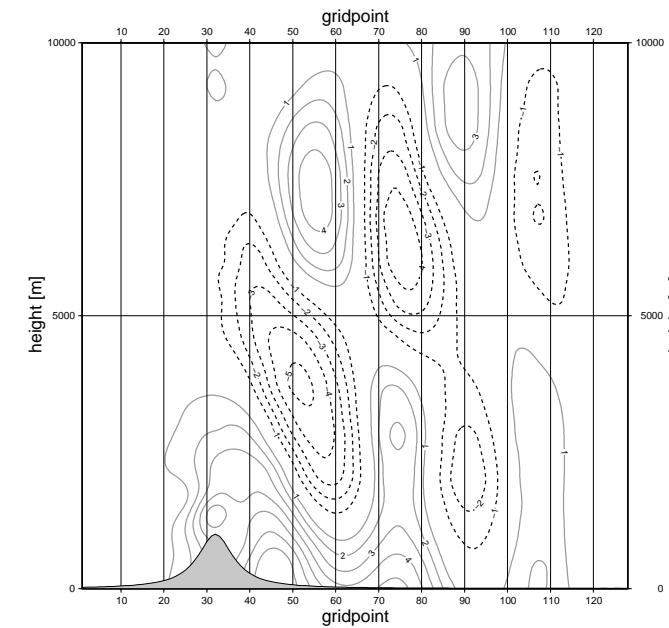
perturbation of V-wind [m/s], NSTEP = +0500

```
TSTEP test: 5 2TL ICI NESC scheme NSITER=1  
LVERTFE      =TRUE  
LVFE_LAPL_FD =FALSE  
LVFE_UVH_FD  =FALSE  
LVFE_GW_FD   =FALSE  
NVSCH        =3  
NVDER        =3
```



GM 2006 Jul 4 11:30:31 experiment: VFE9

min: -6.1452
max: 8.6435
step: 1



GM 2006 Jun 22 08:23:15 experiment: VFE8

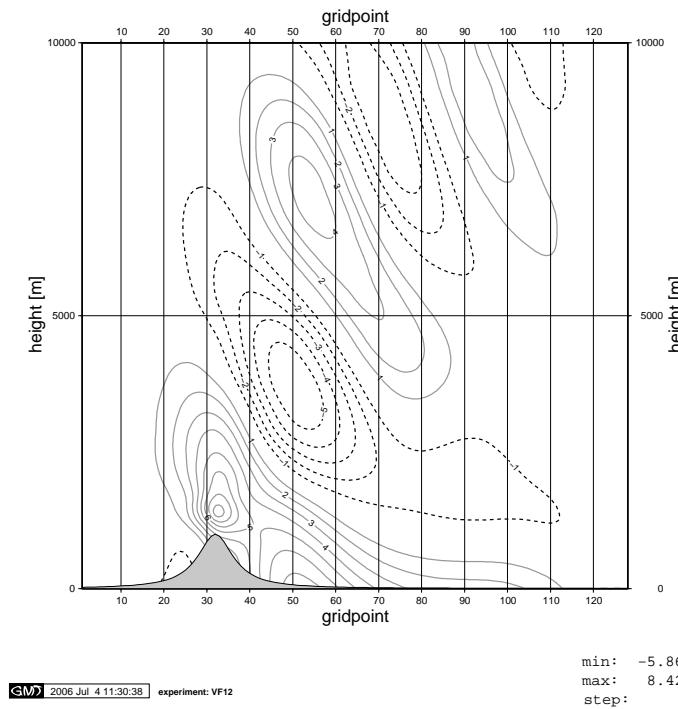
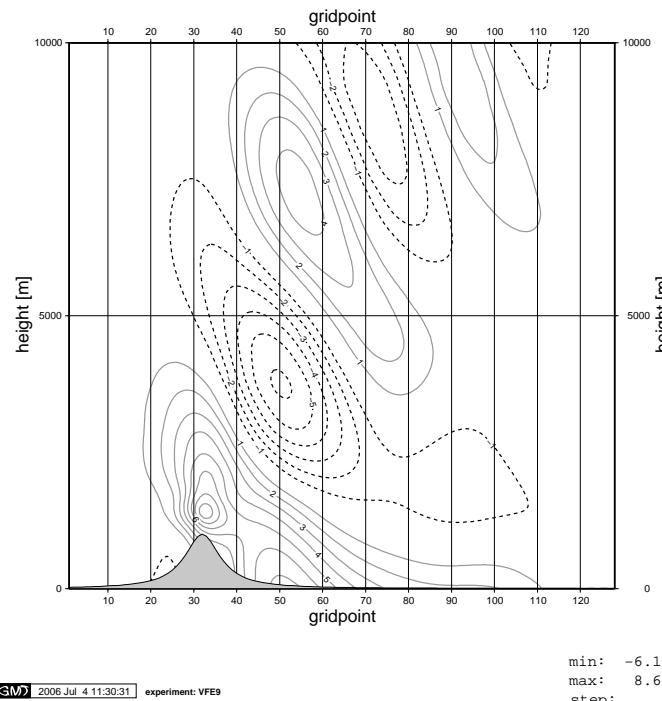
min: -5.2998
max: 7.7414
step: 1

FD scheme versus full VFE

Vertical Finite Element scheme

NLNH02 test
perturbation of V-wind [m/s], NSTEP = +0500
TSTEP test: 5 2TL ICI NESC scheme NSITER=1
LVERTFE =FALSE
LVFE_LAPL_FD =FALSE
LVFE_UVH_FD =FALSE
LVFE_GW_FD =FALSE
NVSCH =3
NVDER =3

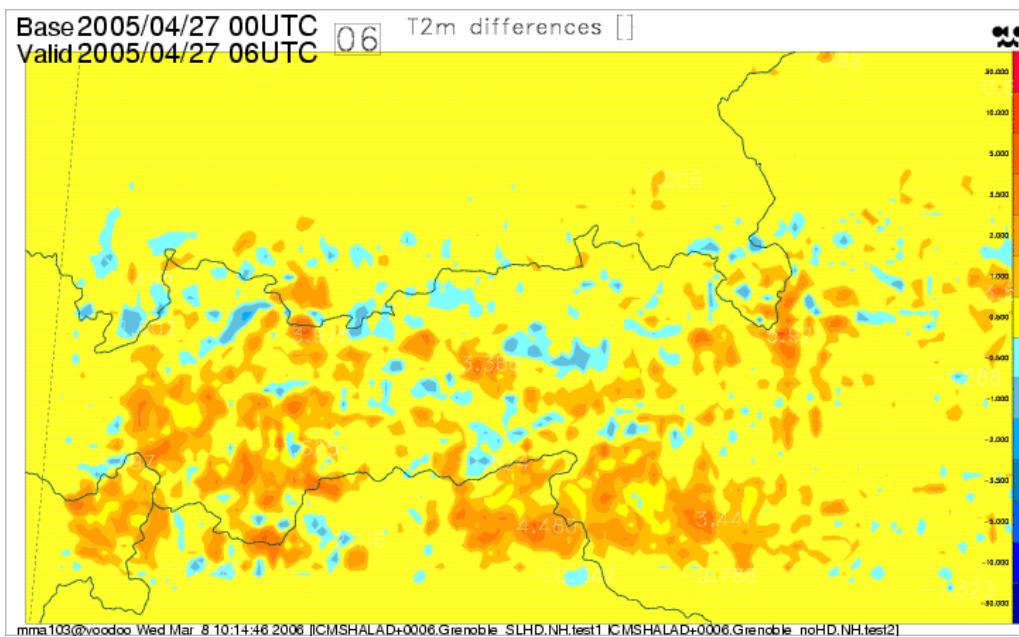
NLNH02 test
perturbation of V-wind [m/s], NSTEP = +0500
TSTEP test: 5 2TL ICI NESC scheme NSITER=1
LVERTFE =TRUE
LVFE_LAPL_FD =FALSE
LVFE_LAPL_BC_FD =TRUE
LVFE_UVH_FD =TRUE
LVFE_GW_FD =TRUE
NVSCH =3
NVDER =3



FD scheme vs. FD with VFE integ. and laplacian operators

BBC

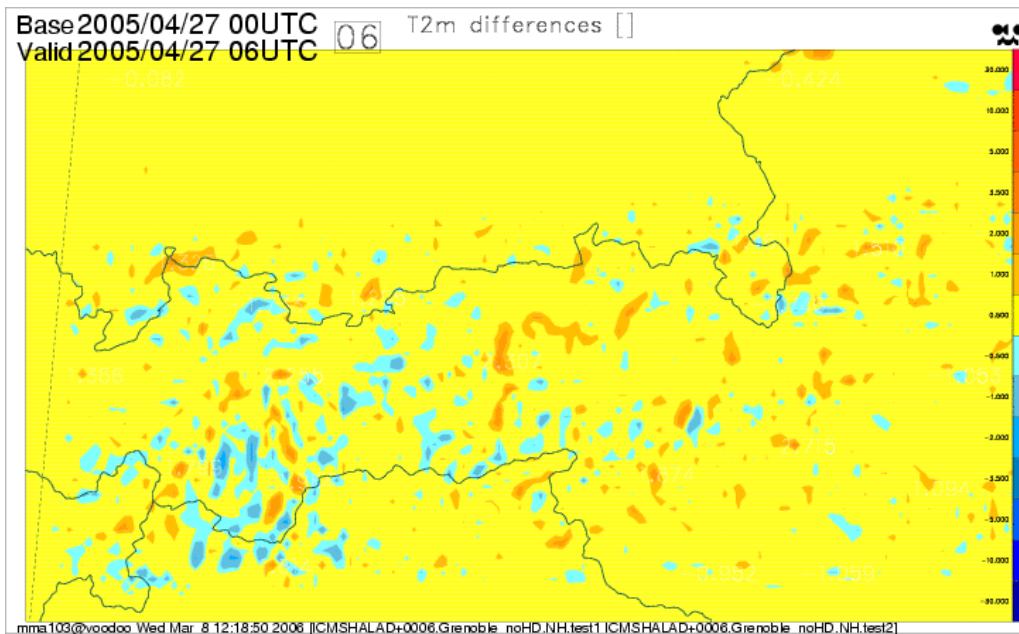
T2m differences (model - noHD)



- Original SLHD tuning

BBC

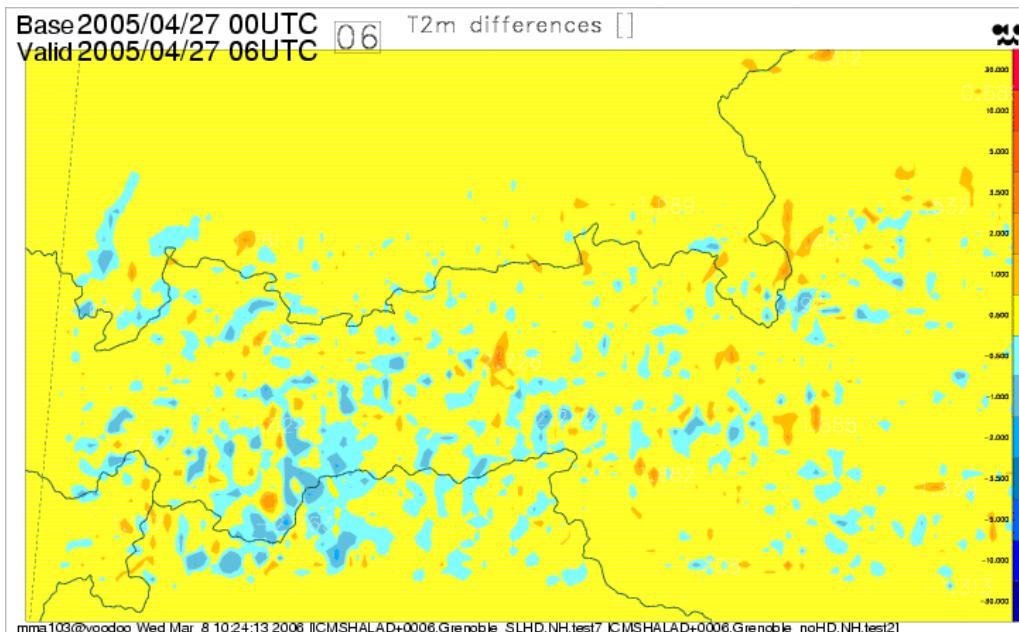
T2m differences (model - noHD)



- Original SLHD tuning
- Spectral diffusion

BBC

T2m differences (model - noHD)

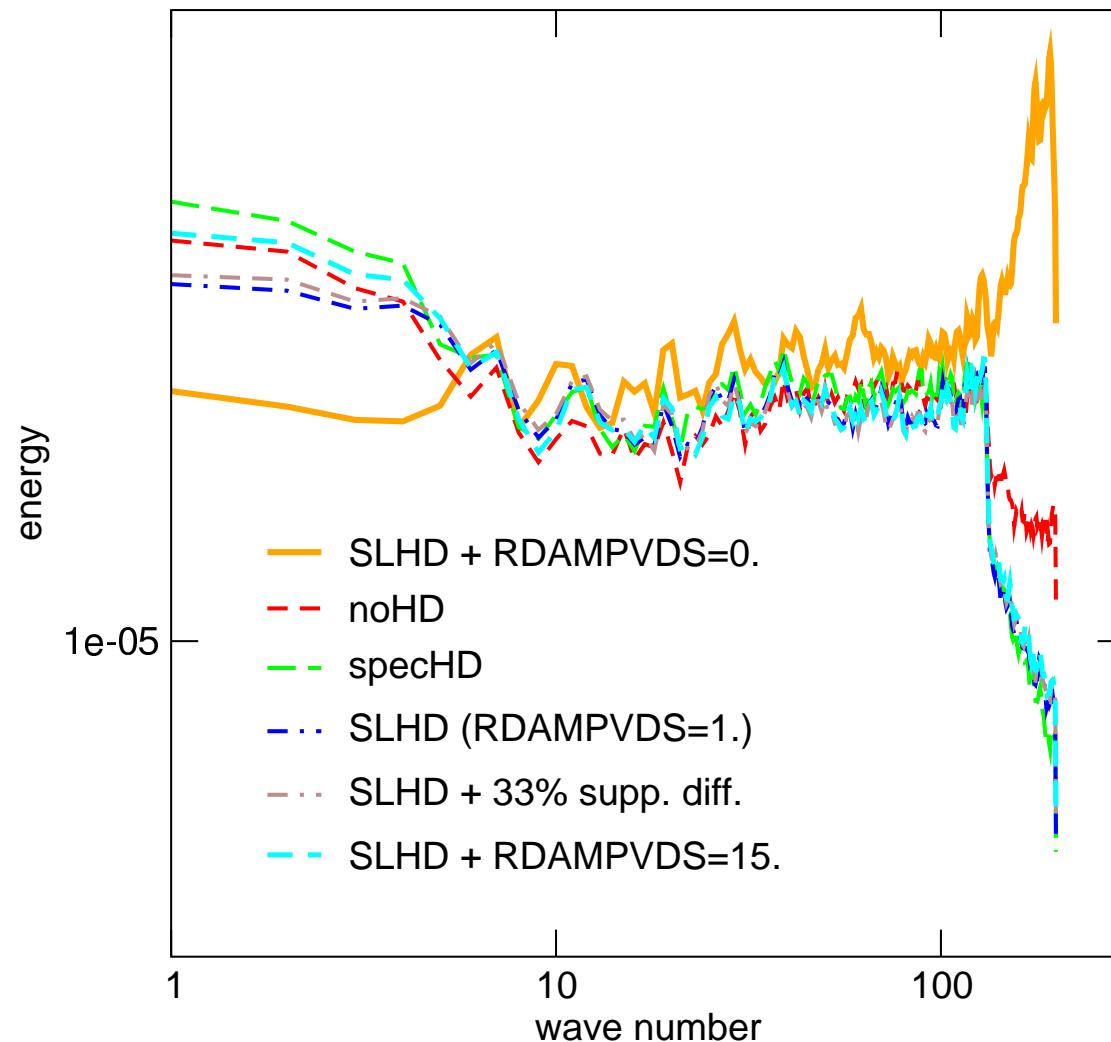


- Original SLHD tuning
- Spectral diffusion
- New SLHD tuning

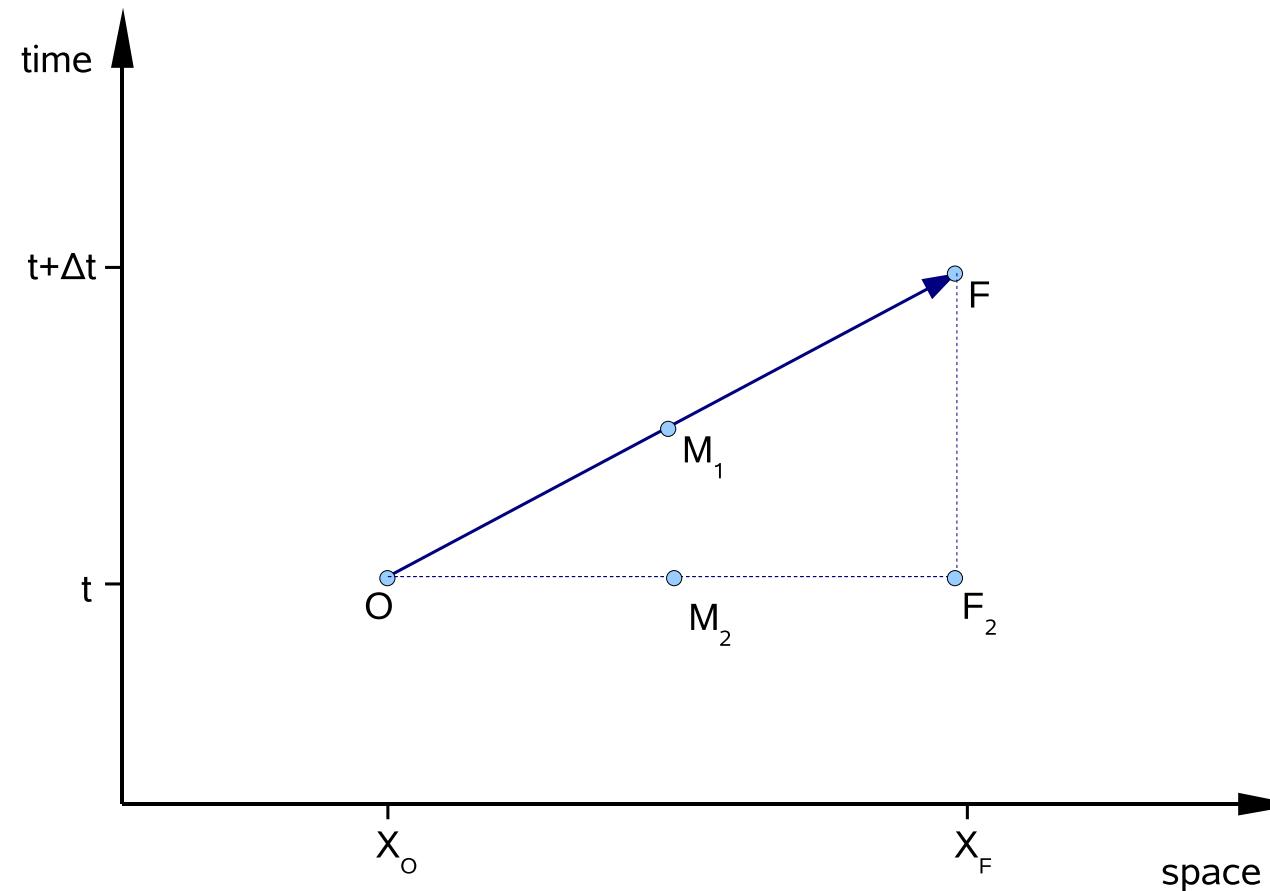
BBC - II.

vertical divergence spectra

43th model level (the lowest)

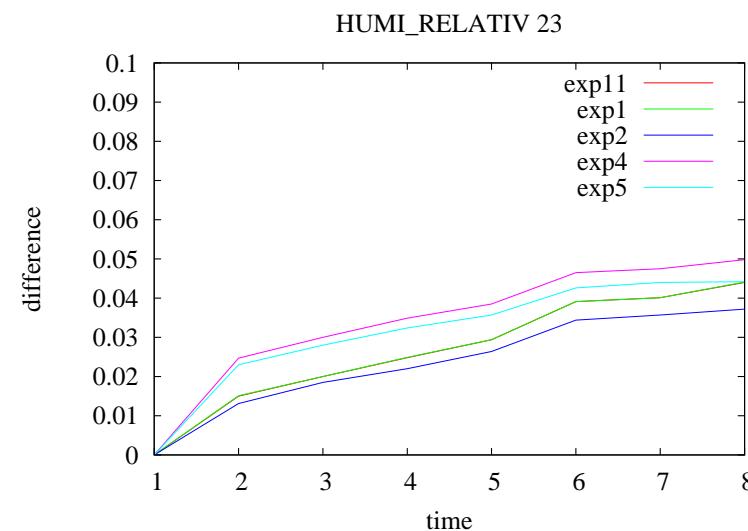
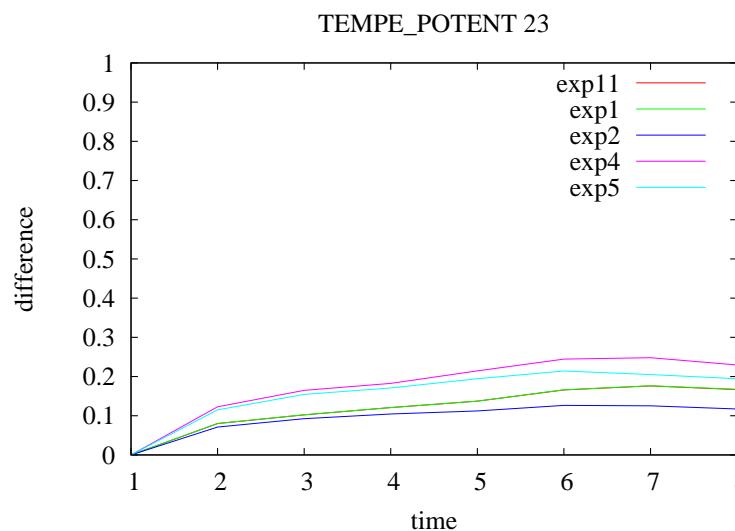


Phys-dyn coupling



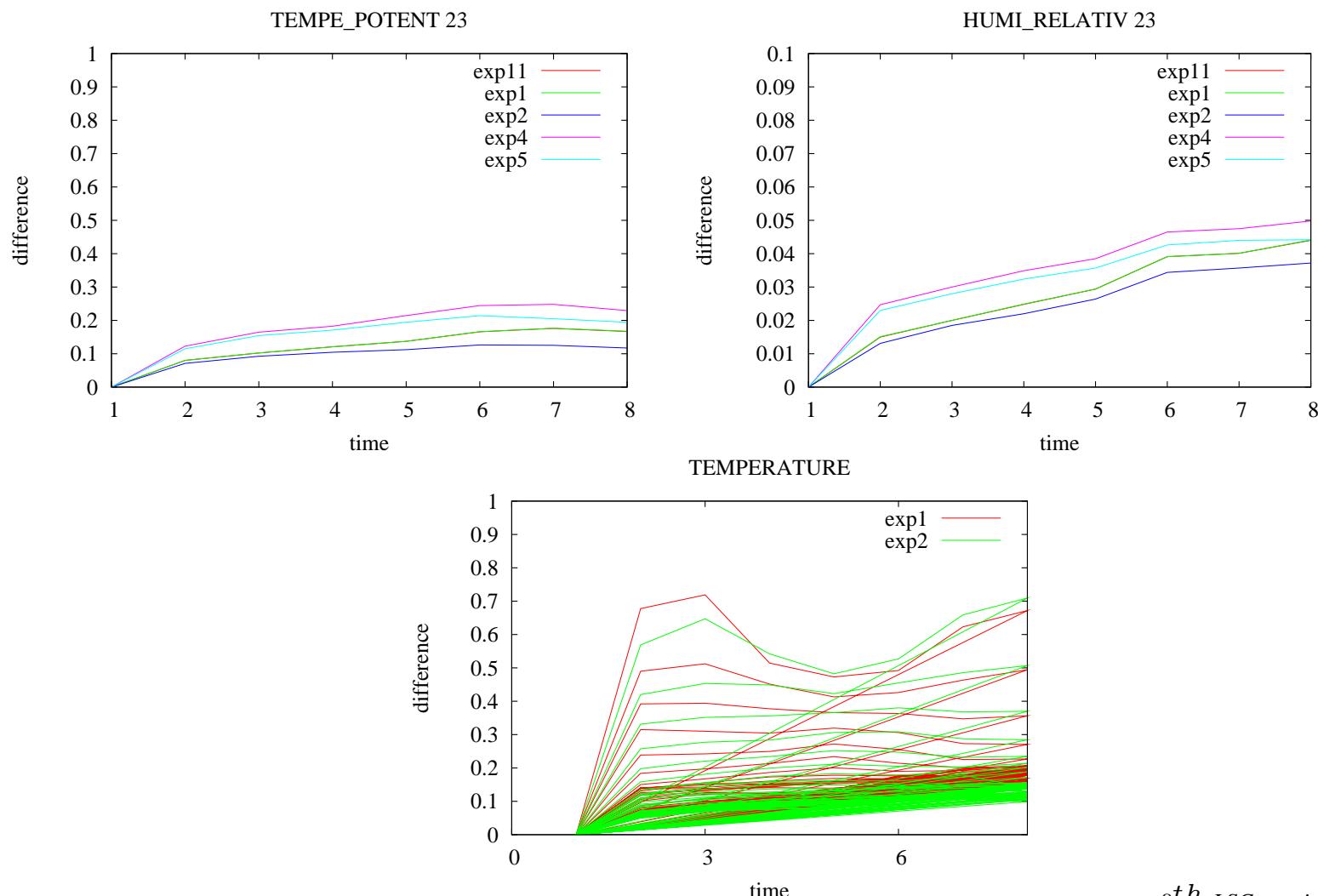
Phys-dyn coupling II

$$dev = \sqrt{(F_{\Delta t=360} - F_{\Delta t=30})}$$



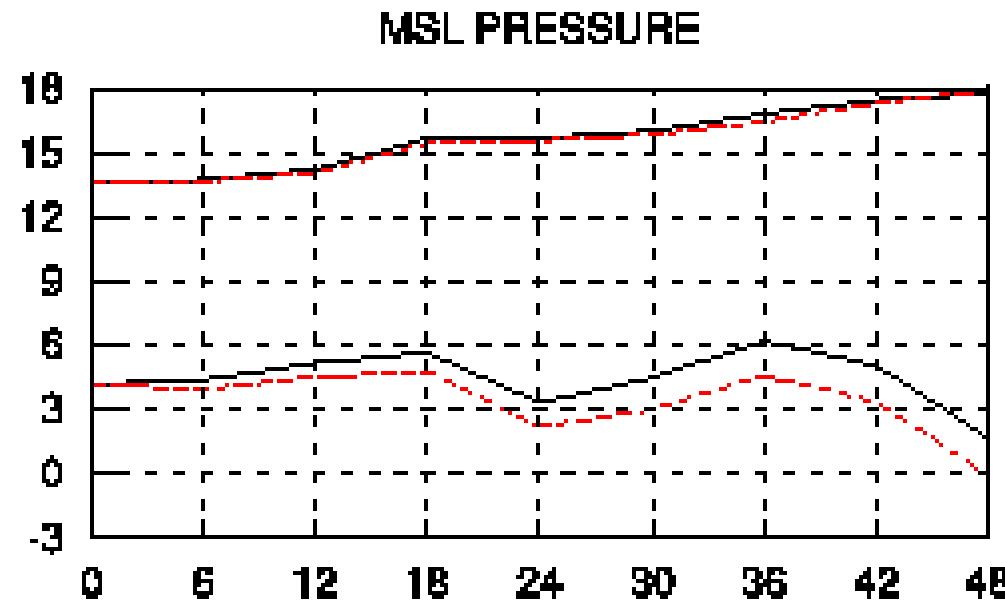
Phys-dyn coupling II

$$dev = \sqrt{(F_{\Delta t=360} - F_{\Delta t=30})}$$



New interpolators for SL

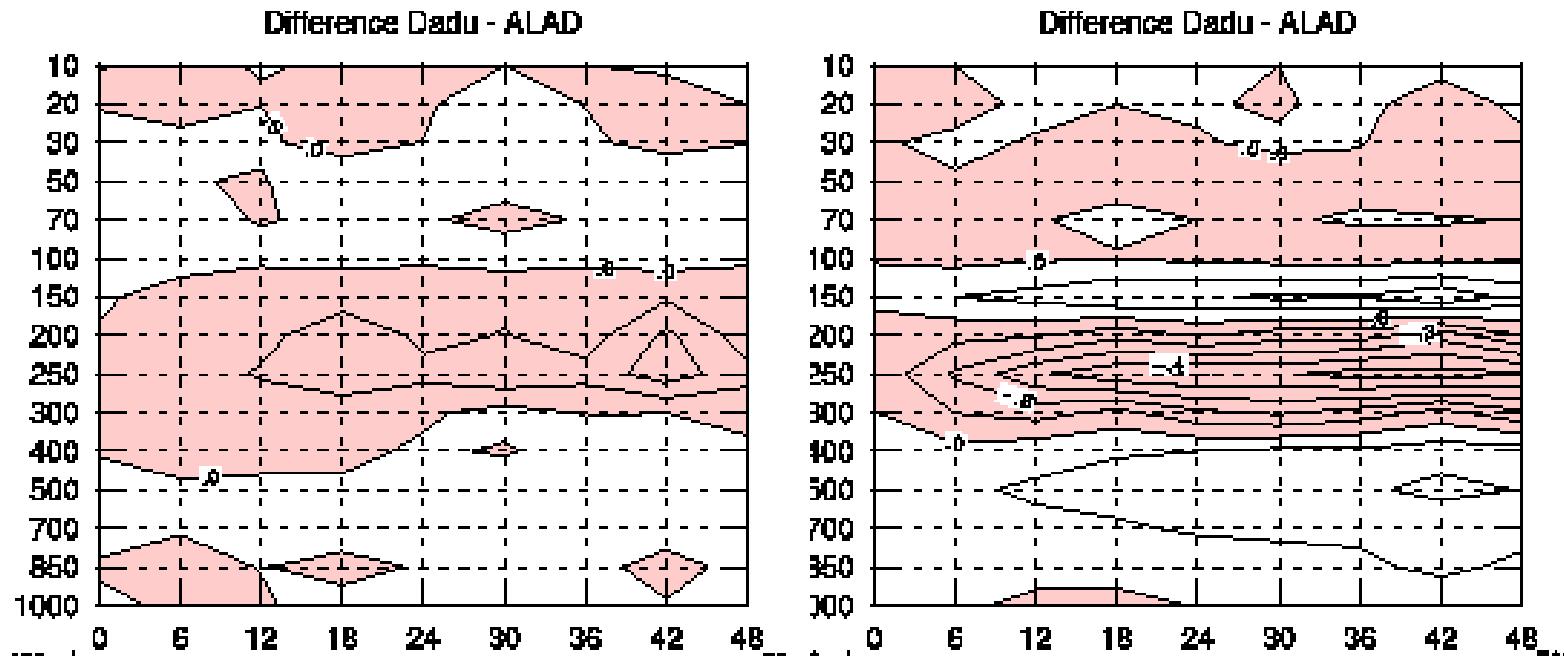
Motivation: SLHD affects conservative properties of the model \Rightarrow need to an improvement of the SL interpolators accuracy.



MSL pressure RMSE and BIAS for 15 days of parallel run

New interpolators for SL

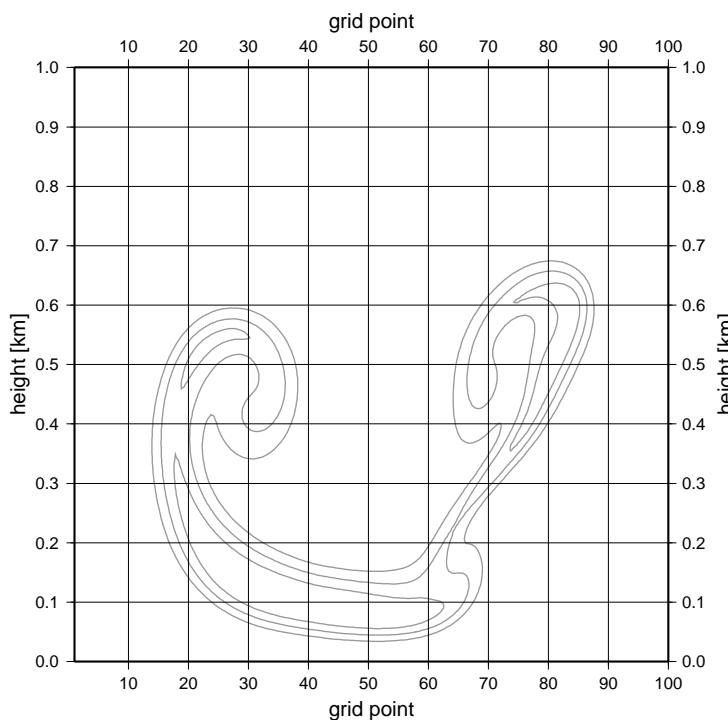
Motivation: Performance of the local splines is not superior to the Lagrangian cubic interpolation in SL.



temperature RMSE and BIAS for 15 days of parallel run

New interpolators for SL

```
WARM + COLD BUBBLE TEST
perturbation of potential temperature [K], NSTEP = +0120
init_102_wcb2_eta, eta-coordinate
master_a129t2mx1_02_sx6, (A1, A2) = (0, 0), .NOT.LQM
NH sl2tl, (NPDVAR, NVDVAR) = (2, 3), NSITER = 1, LPC_FULL, LPC_NESC, LGWADV
.NOT.LQM[x], .NOT.LQMH[x], LRSPLINE_[x], N[x]LAG = 3
TSTEP = 5.0 s
DELY = 10 m DELZ = 10 m
P00 = 101325 Pa THETA00 = 300 K
SIPR = 90000 Pa SITR = 350 K SITRA = 100 K
RRDXTAU = 0
```



GMT | 2006 Aug 4 18:46:16 | experiment: C010

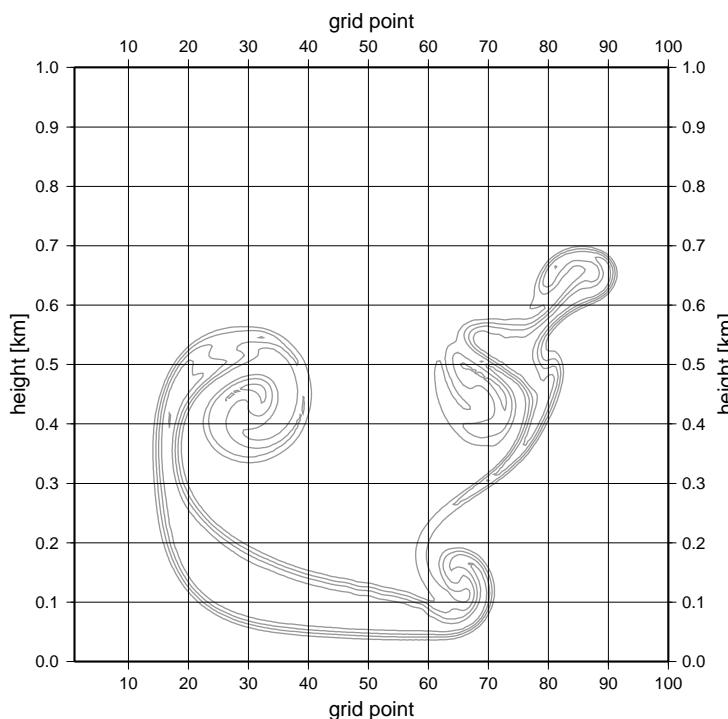
min: -10.645
max: 1.8519
step: 0.12

Bubble test, after 10 minutes

- Linear

New interpolators for SL

```
WARM + COLD BUBBLE TEST
perturbation of potential temperature [K], NSTEP = +0120
init_102_wcb2_eta, eta-coordinate
master_a129t2mx1_02_sx6, (A1, A2) = (-1/3, 1/2), .NOT.LQM
NH sl2tl, (NPDVAR, NVDVAR) = (2, 3), NSITER = 1, LPC_FULL, LPC_NESC, LGWADV
.NOT.LQM[x], .NOT.LQMH[x], LRSPLINE_[x], N[x]LAG = 3
TSTEP      =      5.0 s
DELY      =     10 m    DELZ      =     10 m
P00       = 101325 Pa   THETA00 = 300 K
SIPR      =  90000 Pa   SITR      =  350 K   SITRA = 100 K
RRDXTAU   =        0
```



GMT | 2006 Aug 4 15:46:50 | experiment: C000

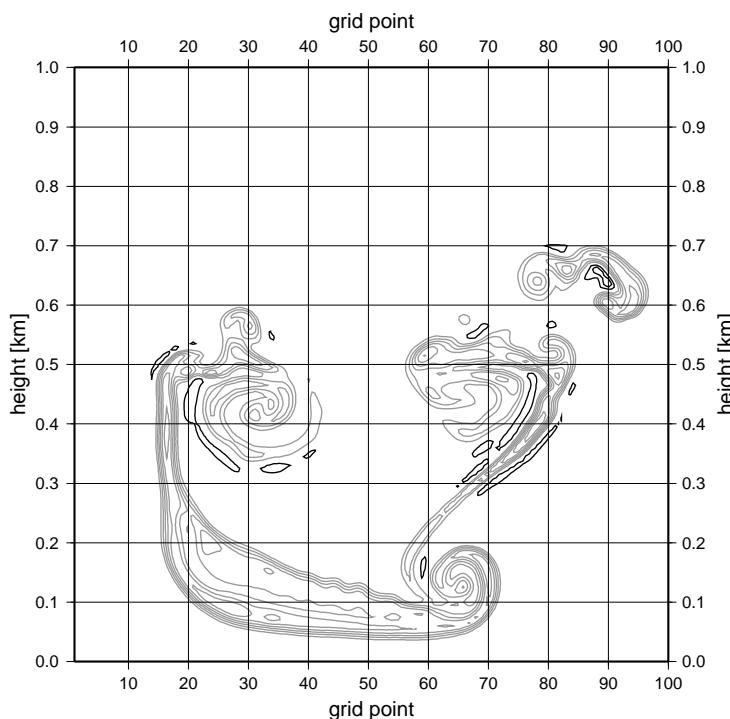
min: -3.7963
max: 2.34
step: 0.12

Bubble test, after 10 minutes

- Linear
- Lagrangian cubic

New interpolators for SL

```
WARM + COLD BUBBLE TEST
perturbation of potential temperature [K], NSTEP = +0120
init_102_wcb2_eta, eta-coordinate
master_a129t2mx1_02_sx6, (A1, A2) = (-7/15, 4/5), .NOT.LQM
NH sl2tl, (NPDVAR, NVDVAR) = (2, 3), NSITER = 1, LPC_FULL, LPC_NESC, LGWADV
.NOT.LQM[x], .NOT.LQMH[x], LRSPLINE_[x], N[x]LAG = 3
TSTEP      =      5.0 s
DELY      =     10 m    DELZ      =     10 m
P00       = 101325 Pa   THETA00 = 300 K
SIPR      =  90000 Pa   SITR      = 350 K   SITRA = 100 K
RRDXTAU   =      0
```



GMT | 2006 Aug 5 15:31:48 | experiment: C004

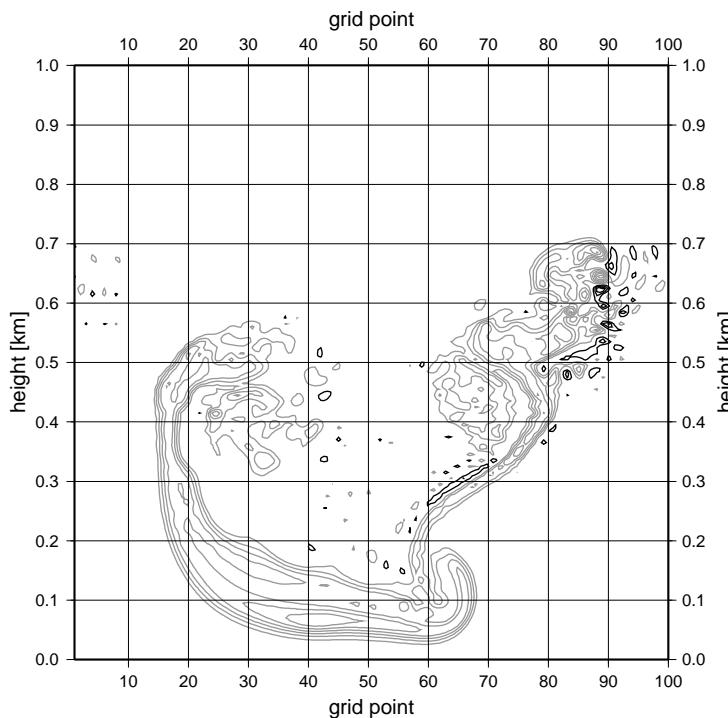
min: -9.616
max: 12.39
step: 0.12

Bubble test, after 10 minutes

- Linear
- Lagrangian cubic
- Splines

New interpolators for SL

```
WARM + COLD BUBBLE TEST
perturbation of potential temperature [K], NSTEP = +0600
init_102_wcb2_eta, eta-coordinate
master_a129t2mx1_02_sx6
NH euler, (NPDVAR, NVDVAR) = (2, 3), NSITER = 1, LPC_OLD
TSTEP = 1.0 s
DELY = 10 m DELZ = 10 m
P00 = 101325 Pa THETA00 = 300 K
SIPR = 90000 Pa SITR = 250 K SITRA = 250 K
RRDXTAU = 0
```



GMT | 2006 Aug 4 20:05:50 | experiment: C900

min: -62.434
max: 16.339
step: 0.12

Bubble test, after 10 minutes

- Linear
- Lagrangian cubic
- Splines
- Eulerian adv.

New interpolators for SL

Family of two parametric cubic interpolators

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{F}(x, y) = & w_0(x)y_0 + w_1(x)y_1 \\ & + w_1(1-x)y_2 + w_0(1-x)y_3 \end{aligned}$$

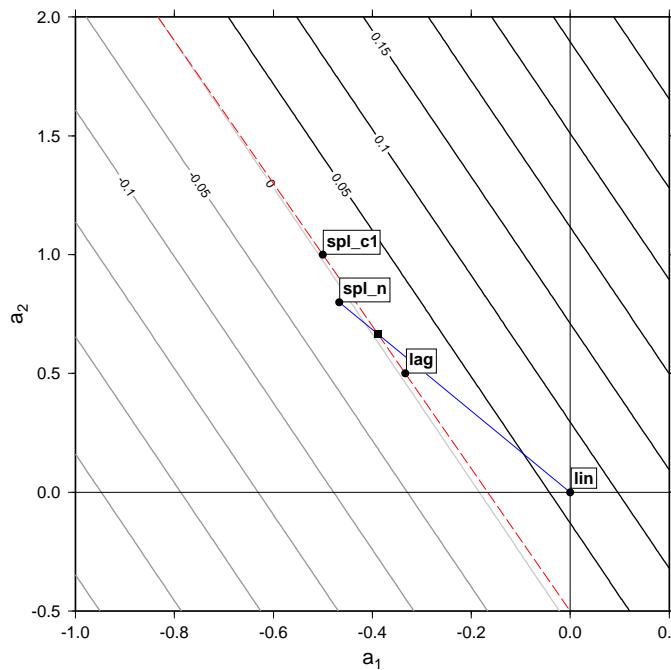
where

$$\begin{aligned} w_0(x) = & a_1x + a_2x^2 - (a_1 + a_2)x^3 \\ w_1(x) = & 1 + (a_2 - 1)x - (3a_1 + 4a_2)x^2 + \\ & 3(a_1 + a_2)x^3 \end{aligned}$$

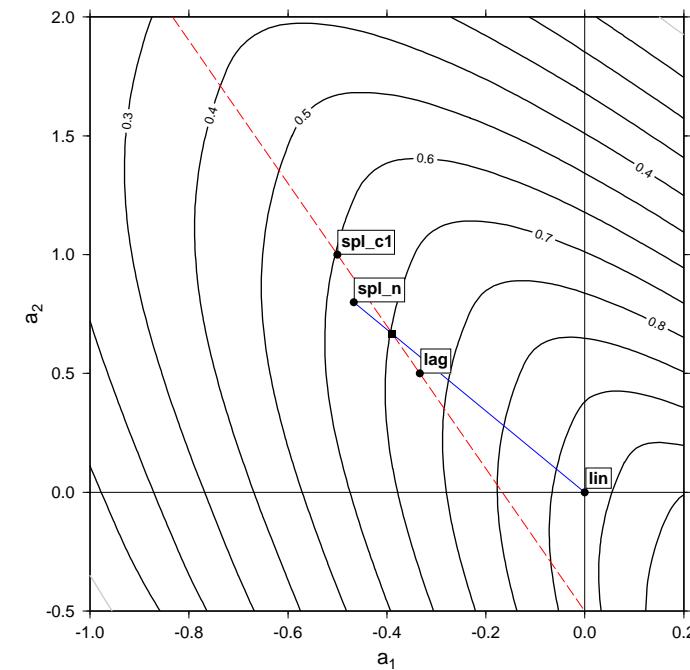
New interpolators for SL

Dimensionless damping rate

Damping factor for N = 100, m = 10



Damping factor for N = 100, m = 40



TL/AD of the ALADIN SL

Convergence for the TL code (e501):

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{M(x + \epsilon \delta x) - M(x)}{\mathcal{M}'(\epsilon \delta x)}, \quad \epsilon = \epsilon_0 10^\lambda$$

	Eulerian advection $\Delta t=120s$	SL advection $\Delta t=450s$
$\lambda = 0$	RAT = 0.9685219082957116E+00	RAT = 0.1094034387101322E+01
$\lambda = -1$	RAT = 0.9970618603595810E+00	RAT = 0.1008012195504008E+01
$\lambda = -2$	RAT = 0.9997073040468342E+00	RAT = 0.1002141025110223E+01
$\lambda = -3$	RAT = 0.9999707398884352E+00	RAT = 0.1000160788422592E+01
$\lambda = -4$	RAT = 0.9999970679271253E+00	RAT = 0.1000099605664519E+01
$\lambda = -5$	RAT = 0.9999995490240665E+00	RAT = 0.1000001139215519E+01
$\lambda = -6$	RAT = 0.9999987045356886E+00	RAT = 0.1000001847670018E+01
$\lambda = -7$	RAT = 0.9999936488857756E+00	RAT = 0.1000041939684409E+01
$\lambda = -8$	RAT = 0.9999533728917936E+00	RAT = 0.1000246087384355E+01
$\lambda = -9$	RAT = 0.9991377690586460E+00	RAT = 0.9994838411148169E+00
$\lambda = -10$	RAT = 0.9970808134568164E+00	RAT = 0.1032182685987080E+01

TL/AD of the ALADIN SL

Test of the adjoint code (e401):

Eulerian advection (1 hour, $\Delta t = 120$ s)

```
TEST OF THE ADJOINT
                    12345678901234567890
< F(X) , Y > = -.90189924198410820200E-02
< X , F*(Y) > = -.90189924198410612030E-02
THE DIFFERENCE IS      10.395 TIMES THE ZERO OF THE MACHINE
```

SL advection (1 hour, $\Delta t= 120$ s)

```
TEST OF THE ADJOINT
                    12345678901234567890
< F(X) , Y > = -.66041517403842070130E-02
< X , F*(Y) > = -.66041517403841827300E-02
THE DIFFERENCE IS      16.562 TIMES THE ZERO OF THE MACHINE
```

SL advection (1 hour, $\Delta t= 360$ s)

```
TEST OF THE ADJOINT
                    12345678901234567890
< F(X) , Y > = -.71646146174093533820E-02
< X , F*(Y) > = -.71646146174093447100E-02
THE DIFFERENCE IS      5.452 TIMES THE ZERO OF THE MACHINE
```

TL/AD of the ALADIN SL

Adjoint code optimization

- Support for vector platforms

```
ZPP=0.
```

```
DO JROF = KSTART, KPROF
```

```
...
```

```
ZPP= ZPP+ ZNORDY5 (JROF) *PO (JROF, JLEV)
```

```
...
```

```
ZPP=0.
```

```
ENDDO
```

- Vectorization of loops

TL/AD of the ALADIN SL

Adjoint code optimization

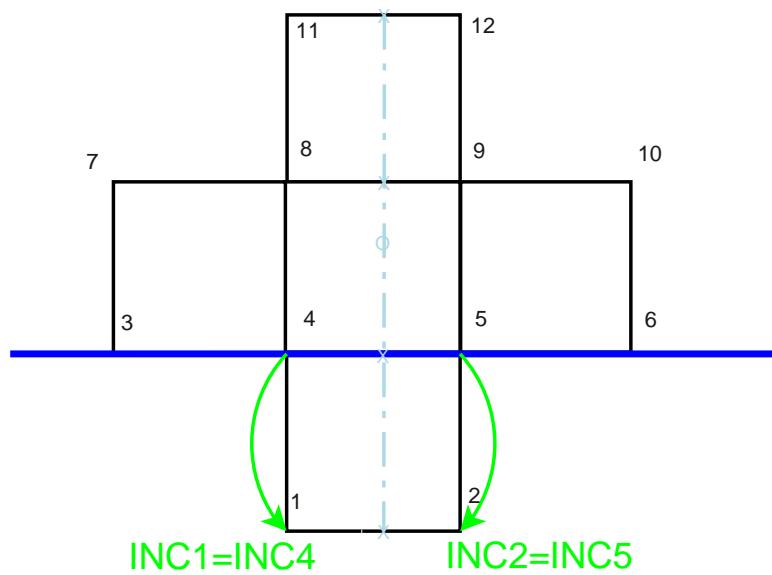
- Support for vector platforms
- Vectorization of loops

```
DO JROF = KSTART, KPROF  
...  
ZPP=ZNORDY5(JROF)*PO(JROF,JLEV)  
...  
ENDDO
```

TL/AD of the ALADIN SL

Adjoint code optimization

```
DO JINC=ISTART,ISTOP  
  PSLBUF1( INC(JINC,JROF) ) = &  
  & PSLBUF1( INC(JINC,JROF) ) + &  
  & ZINC(JINC,JROF)  
ENDDO
```

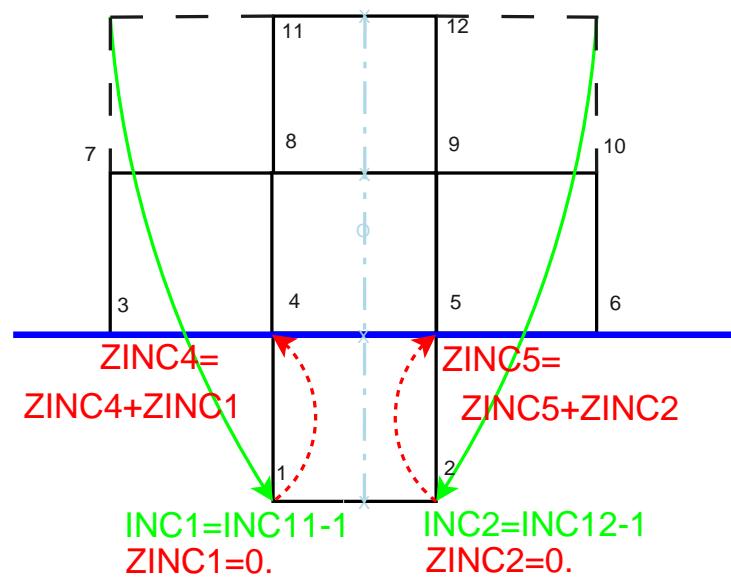


- Support for vector platforms
- Vectorization of loops
- Specific LAM development for LVECADIN option

TL/AD of the ALADIN SL

Adjoint code optimization

```
DO JINC=ISTART, ISTOP  
PSLBUF1( INC(JINC, JROF) ) = &  
& PSLBUF1( INC(JINC, JROF) ) + &  
& ZINC(JINC, JROF)  
ENDDO
```



- Support for vector platforms
- Vectorization of loops
- Specific LAM development for LVECADIN option

TL/AD of the ALADIN SL

Adjoint code optimization

- **Support for vector platforms**
 - Vectorization of loops
 - Specific LAM development for LVECADIN option

V.Op.Ratio = 98.814048 %

VLEN = 225.948825

TL/AD of the ALADIN SL

Adjoint code optimization

MPI:

LIMP_NOOLAP=.TRUE.,
LSLONDEM=.TRUE.

- **Support for vector platforms**
 - Vectorization of loops
 - Specific LAM development for LVECADIN option
- **Parallel processing**
 - MPI

TL/AD of the ALADIN SL

Adjoint code optimization

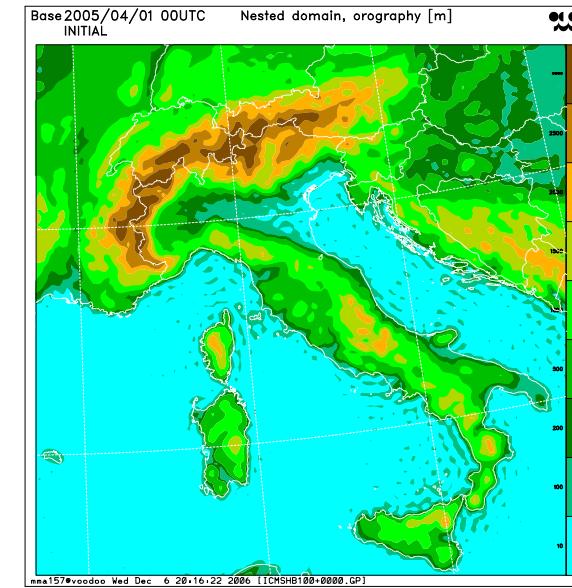
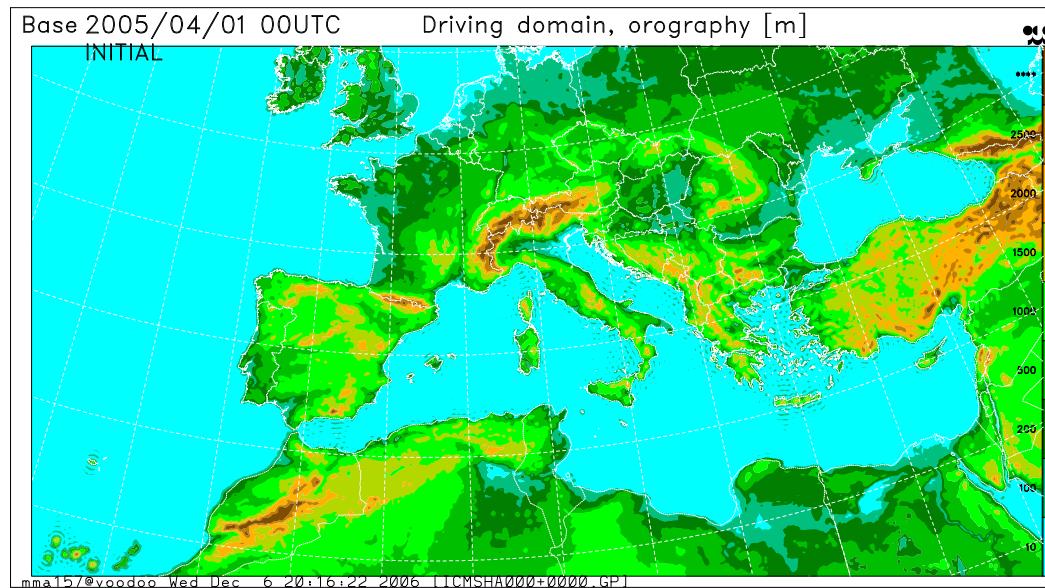
OpenMP:

extra care for YOMOML module
during compilation

- **Support for vector platforms**
 - Vectorization of loops
- Specific LAM development for LVECADIN option
- **Parallel processing**
 - MPI
 - OpenMP

Diagnostic tool for lat. coupling

- Based on perfect model approach (Elía et al., 2002) using the same LAM on two domains with the same resolution and matching grid-points.



Diagnostic tool for lat. coupling

- Based on perfect model approach (Elía et al., 2002) using the same LAM on two domains with the same resolution and matching grid-points.
- Jump in resolution between driving and nested LAM is simulated by spectral filtering.

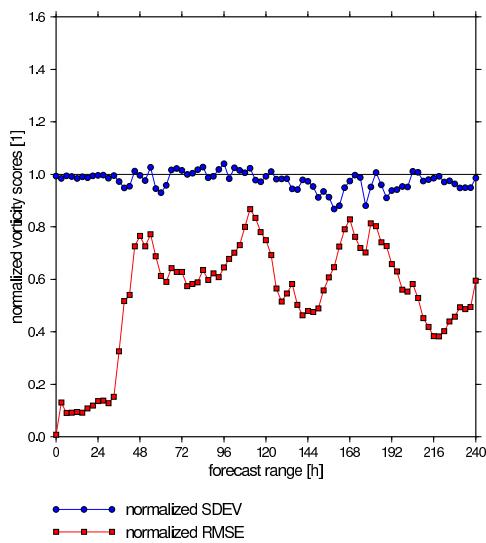
Diagnostic tool for lat. coupling

- Based on perfect model approach (Elía et al., 2002) using the same LAM on two domains with the same resolution and matching grid-points.
- Jump in resolution between driving and nested LAM is simulated by spectral filtering.
- Performance of coupling is judged according 10 days normalized RMSE difference (from reference solution) of vorticity field at 500 hPa.

Diagnostic tool for lat. coupling

Time evolution of vorticity scores at 500 hPa level

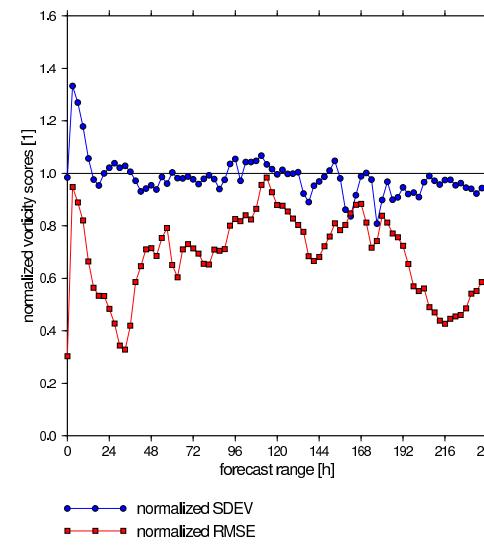
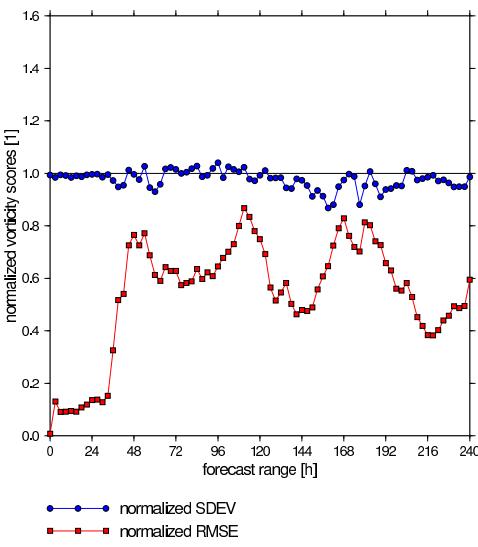
Tests of Davies relaxation scheme



CMT 2005 Dec 7 0938H1 B100-400

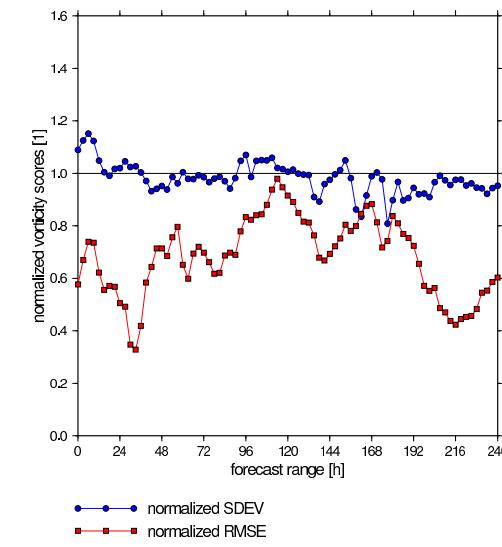
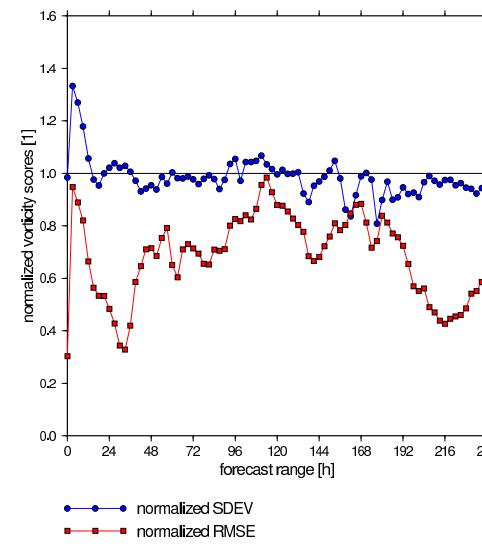
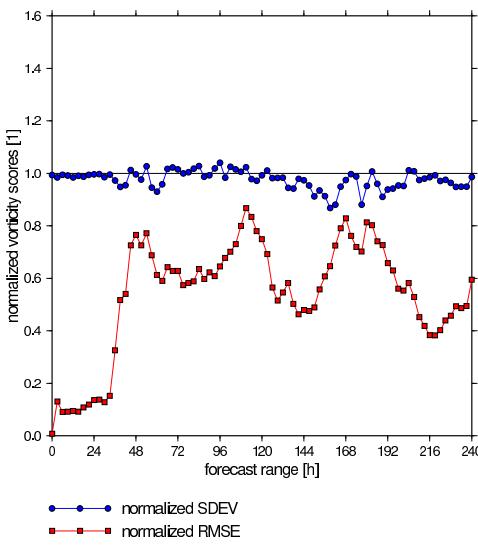
Diagnostic tool for lat. coupling

Tests of Davies relaxation scheme



Diagnostic tool for lat. coupling

Tests of Davies relaxation scheme



GMT 2006 Dec 7 0938h1 B100-400

GMT 2006 Dec 7 0938h5 E300-400

GMT 2006 Dec 7 0938h0 E305-400

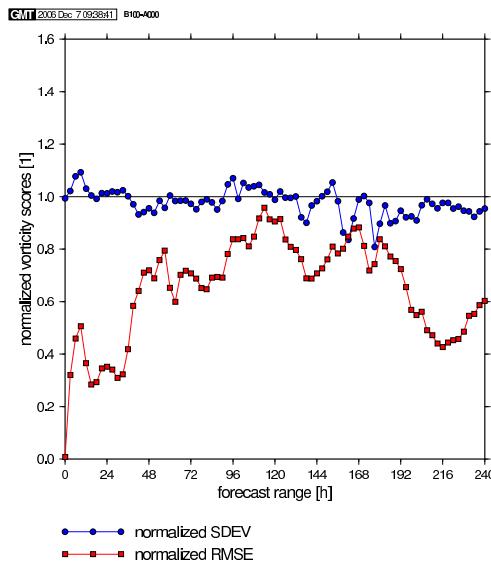
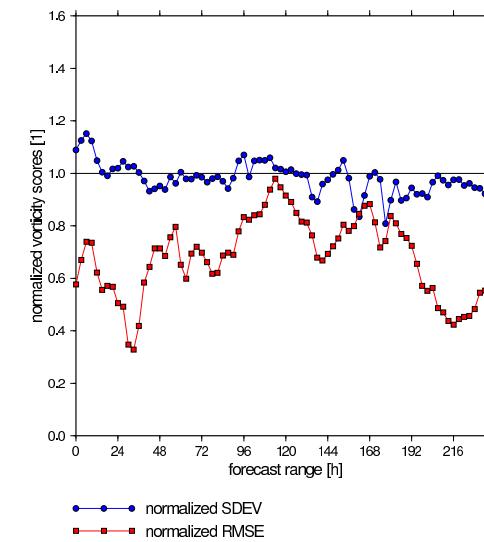
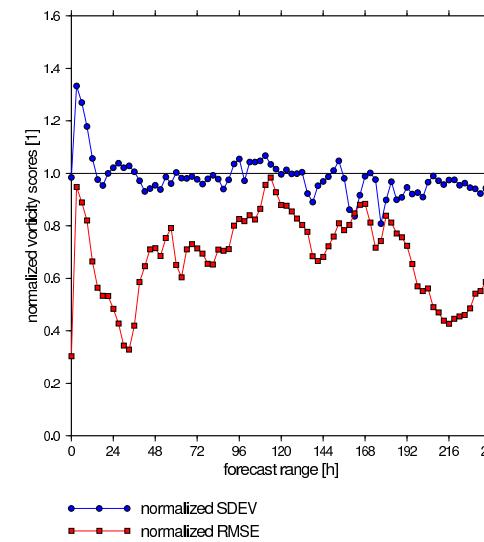
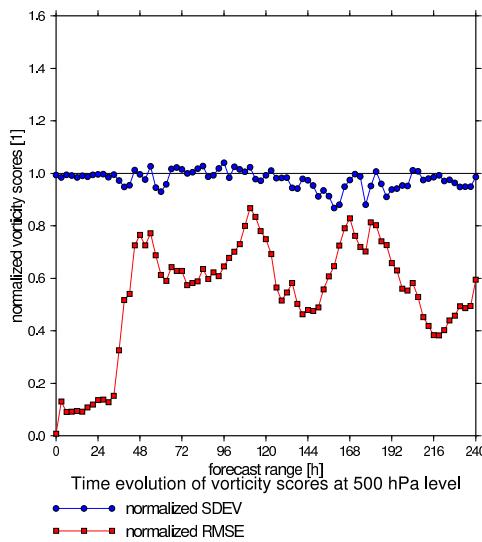
Diagnostic tool for lat. coupling

Time evolution of vorticity scores at 500 hPa level

Time evolution of vorticity scores at 500 hPa level

Time evolution of vorticity scores at 500 hPa level

Tests of Davies relaxation scheme



GMT 2006 Dec 7 0938E5 E30-4000

GMT 2006 Dec 7 0938E0 E30-400

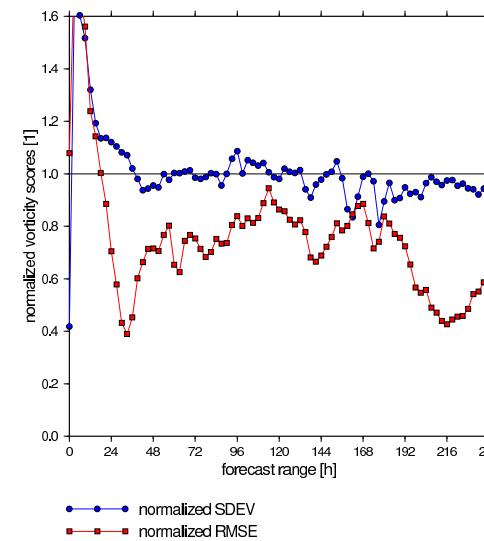
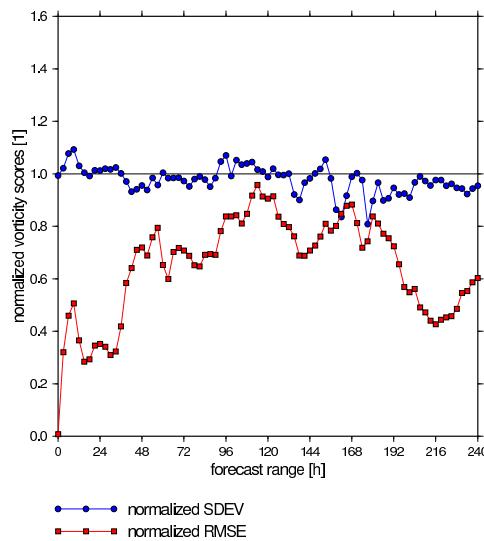
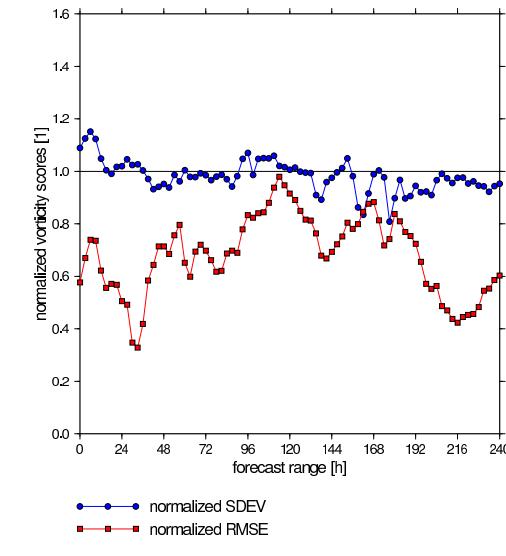
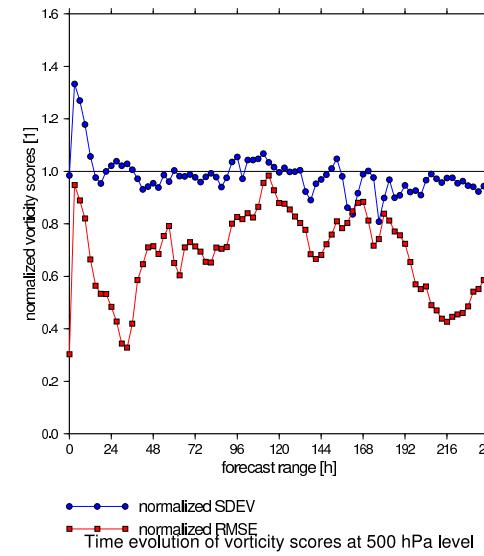
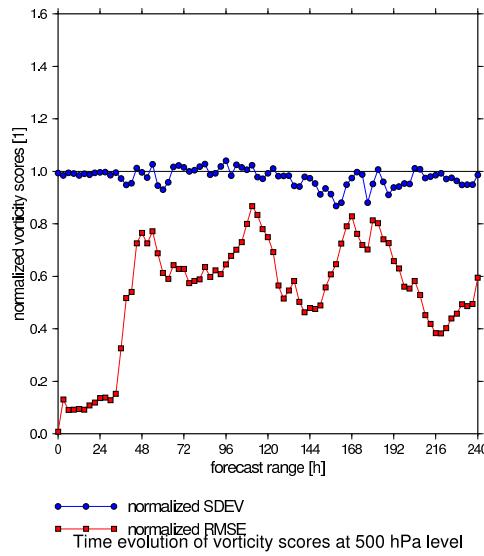
Diagnostic tool for lat. coupling

Time evolution of vorticity scores at 500 hPa level

Tests of Davies relaxation scheme

Time evolution of vorticity scores at 500 hPa level

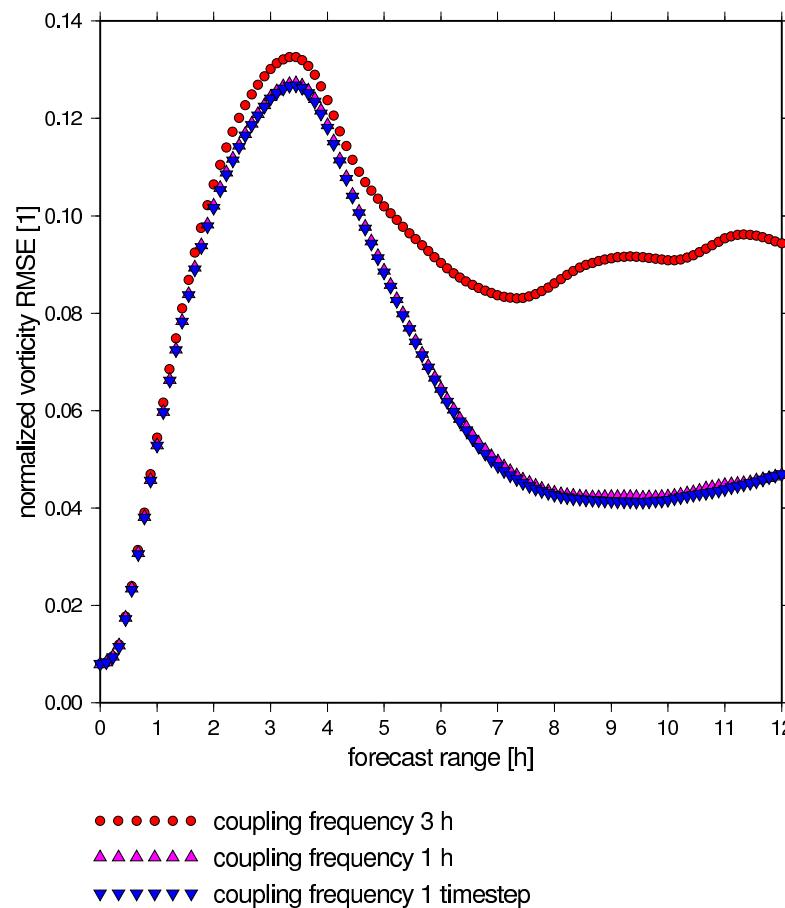
Time evolution of vorticity scores at 500 hPa level



Diagnostic tool for lat. coupling

Time evolution of vorticity RMSE at 500 hPa level

Sensitivity to coupling frequency



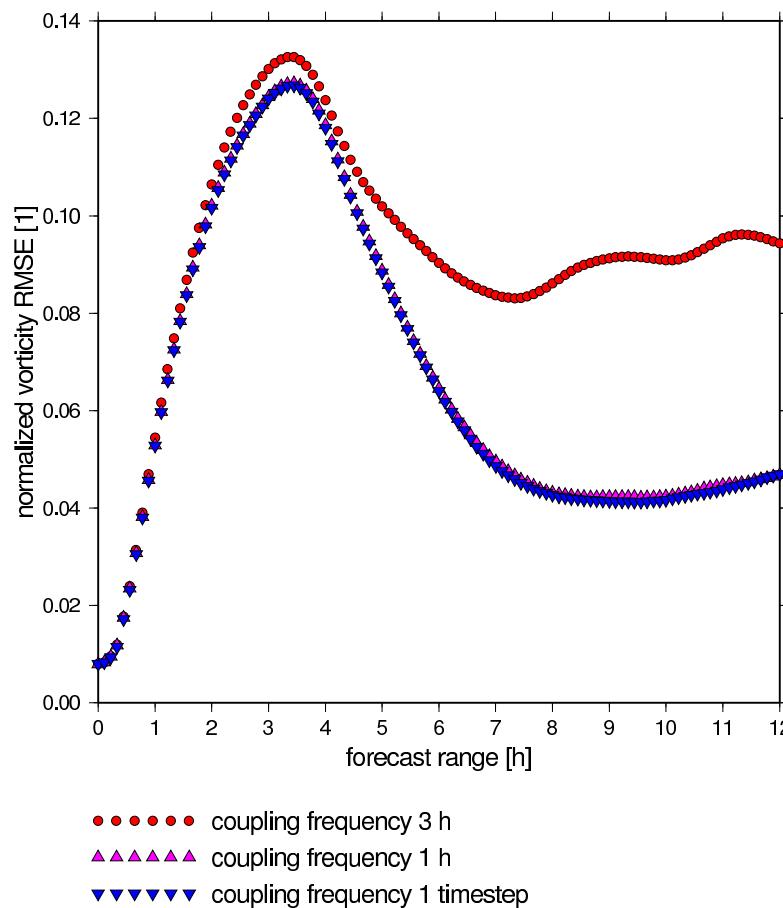
GMT 2006 Dec 7 10:45:29

Diagnostic tool for lat. coupling

Time evolution of vorticity RMSE at 500 hPa level

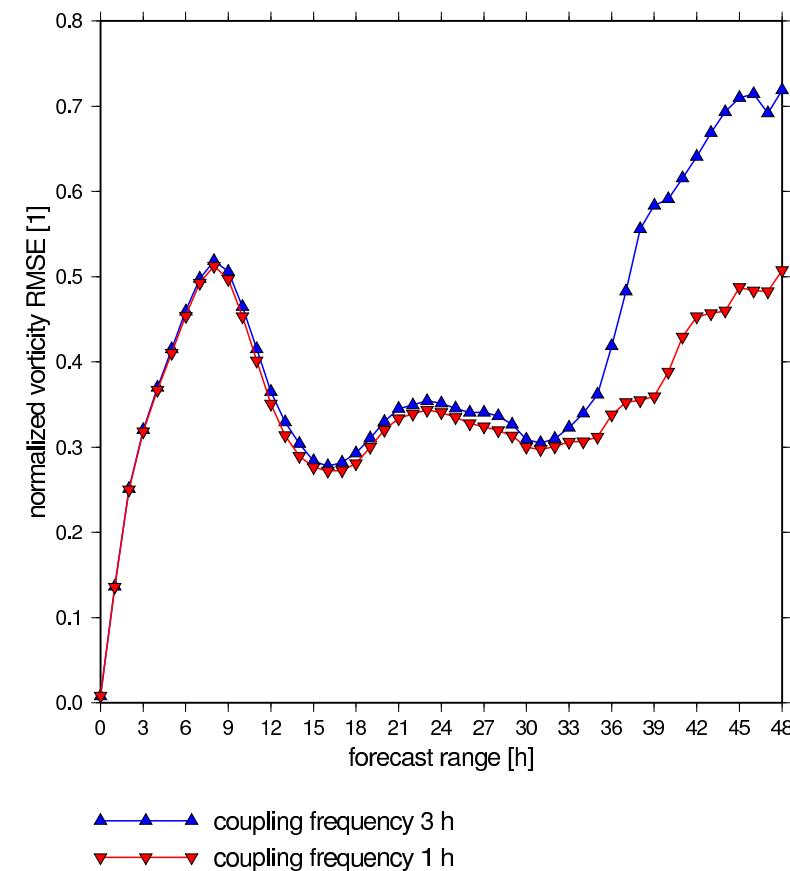
Time evolution of vorticity RMSE at 500 hPa level

Sensitivity to coupling frequency



GMT 2006 Dec 7 10:45:29

GMT 2006 Dec 7 12:54:32

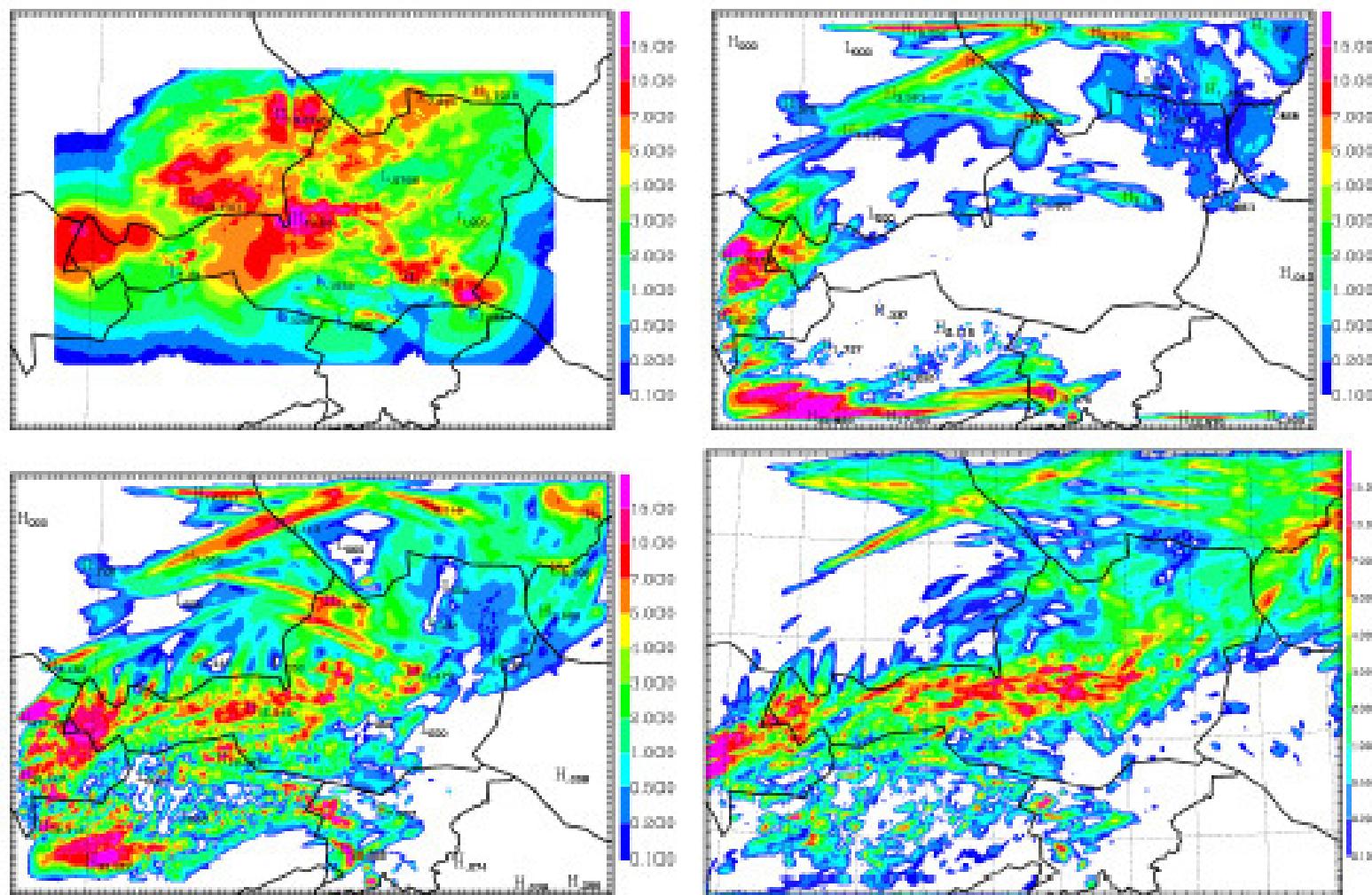


Plan for 2007

Project	Topic	Planned effort	LACE support
I.	VFE	7.5	2
II.	SLHD above orography	1.5	
	RUBC	1.5	
	New interpolators for SL	4	2
	Phys. coupling to dynamics	2	1
	TL/AD of plane SL	1	
	TL/AD of SLHD	3.5	
	Thermodynamic consistency	2	
III.	Alternative LBC formulation	2	
	Spectral coupling	2	
	<i>Total:</i>	27	5

SLHD above orography

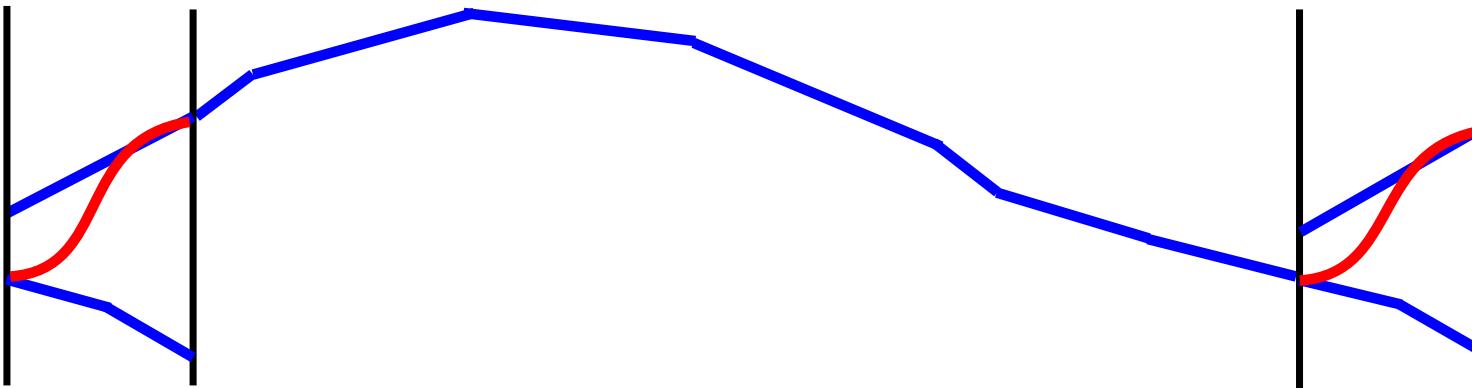
24h accumulated precipitation over Austria for the 23/06/2006



Alternative formulation of LBC

Ingredients:

- Boyd (2005)



Alternative formulation of LBC

Ingredients:

- Boyd (2005)
- SL advection

Alternative formulation of LBC

Ingredients:

- Boyd (2005)
- SL advection
- SLHD

Alternative formulation of LBC

